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The Times

XVIITH YEAR.

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THEATERS—

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATER—C. M. WOOD, Lessee and Treas. H. C. WYATT, Manager. TODAY MATINEE at 2:10 p.m.—Last Performance Tonight. Last appearances of James J. Corbett in the successful drama.

A NAVAL CADET. Seats now on sale. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1. Telephone Main 70.

LOS ANGELES THEATER—C. M. WOOD, Lessee and Treas. H. C. WYATT, Manager. **2 NIGHTS—MONDAY, WEDNESDAY—APR. 25, 27.** Grand Opera in Italian. Danrosch and Ellin announce the first appearance of

MELBA . . .

Operas to be given:

"BARBER OF SEVILLE." Complete.

"MAD SCENE" FROM "LUCIA."

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Full Chorus and Orchestra under direction of SIG. ORESTE BIMONI.

THE REGULAR SALE OF RESERVED SEATS OPENS AT THE THEATER BOX OFFICE THIS MORNING AT 9 O'CLOCK.

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OPHEUM—

Los Angeles Society Vaudeville Theater. Funniest show this season. Matinee today. Any seat 25c; children 10c; gallery 10c. **Tonight** Stars of all Nations. A powerful collection of the most famous vaudeville artists on earth. The famous star of "Casper the Yodler," CHARLES T. ELLIS & CO., presenting the mirthful one-act comedy, "Mrs. Hogan's Music Teacher." The beautiful MILLE BARTHOL, the celebrated Persian transformation dancer. THE FIVE WHIRLWINDS, The Arabian wonders—MAUS-SAUD, ABACHIE, HASSAN, SUSAJA AND MUSSA—introducing an act full of novelty and surprise. Amazing feats of strength and agility. Montgomery and Stone. ALBERT ATHAS AND LIZZIE COLLINS. McCALE AND DANIELS. JOHN W. WEST. Positively Last Week of the AMERICAN BIOGRAPH. A new series of views, including "GEN. LEE IN HAVANA," "WRECK OF THE BATTLESHIP MAINE," "Spanish Battleship Vizcaya," "Torpedo-boat Dupont" U. S. Navy, and other Havana views. PRICES NEVER CHANGING—Evening reserved seats 25c and 50c; gallery 10c. Regular MATINEES WEDNESDAY, Saturday and Sunday. Telephone Main 1447.

BURBANK THEATER—

Large Houses Nightly. JOHN C. FISHER, Manager. Telephone Main 1270. All this week. Grand Double Bill. THE BELASCO-THALL STOCK COMPANY, presenting the screaming Farce Comedy and London Success, "LOST FOR A DAY," followed by Francis Powers' Chinese Drama, "THE FIRST BORN." Three Months in San Francisco. Witnessed by 150,000 people. With all the original scenery, costumes and music. Evening Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. ONLY MATINEE SATURDAY.

A MUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

WILSHIRE OSTRICH FARM—Twelfth and Grand Ave. Formerly Fiesta Park. FIVE MINUTES FROM CITY HALL AND PRINCIPAL HOTELS



Ostrich Plumes, Collarettes and Boas manufactured before your eyes by Experts, and sold at first cost.

OSTRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA

The Largest In America.

SEVEN ACRES OF BEAUTIFUL SHADY GROUNDS. Ostrich nests, chicks, yearlings and old pairs in their breeding corrals—NEARLY 100 IN NUMBER. The right place to purchase feather boas, capes and tips all lengths and styles on hand. The finest grades can be obtained here at reasonable prices. Pasadena electric and Terminal Ry. cars stop at the gate; fare 10 cents.

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Sunset Limited.

Composite Car. Ladies' parlor Compartment Car, double drawing-room Pullman sleepers and through dining car, SOLID VESTIBULED TRAIN, Los Angeles to St Louis and Chicago.

Without Extra Charge . . . Leaves Los Angeles 10:30 a.m. every Friday, with close connection at St. Louis and Chicago, for New York, Boston and all points East.

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Via New Orleans to Washington and New York. Through sleeping-cars and dining-car service, San Francisco to New Orleans, thence to East.

Leave Los Angeles 10:30 a.m. every Friday.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

229 South Spring Street.

FAST TRAINS EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK—

To Denver, Omaha, St. Paul, Chicago and the East via

Chicago, Union Pacific Dining Cars. Pullman Palace and North-Western Line and Tourist Sleepers. Excursions Personally Conducted. Offices—223 S. Spring, 122 W. Second St.

CALIFORNIA LIMITED—

It is the Best. Don't Miss it.

Via Santa Fe Route. Leaves Los Angeles . . . 8:00 a.m. Tuesday and Friday. Leaves Pasadena . . . 8:25 a.m. Tuesday and Friday. Arrive Kansas City . . . 6:00 p.m. Thursday and Sunday. Arrive St. Louis . . . 7:00 a.m. Friday and Monday. Arrive Chicago . . . 9:45 a.m. Friday and Monday.

This great train with its famous dining-car service is run for passengers with first-class tickets only, but no charge beyond the regular ticket and sleeping-car rate is made. Dining-cars serve breakfast leaving Los Angeles. Vestibuled and electric lighted. All the luxuries of modern travel.

KITE-SHAPED TRACK, THE SIGHT TO SEE.

Every Tuesday, in addition to the regular train service, the Santa Fe runs a special express, taking in Pedlands and Riverside and the beauties of Santa Ana Canyon. See about it at 203 Spring street.

M. I. LOWE RAILWAY—Grand Mountain Resort on Earth Echo Mountain House, high-class hotel, rates \$12.50 and upwards per week. Guests remaining one week or longer allowed a refund of ticket rate and "free" daily transportation between Echo Mountain, Pasadena, and Los Angeles. Full particulars at office—

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CUT RATES Ogden and Salt Lake, Colorado Springs and Denver, St. Paul, Chicago, New York and Boston. Regular Tourist Excursion Tickets. Tel. M. 802. D3 CAMP & LEHMAN, 213 S. Spring Street.

TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—

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FOURTEEN MEDALS, Unquestionable! Indorsements. Studio 220½ South Spring, opposite Hollenbeck.

LITHOUSE FRUIT CO. We are always Headquarters for fancy, large, ripe, red strawberries received from the garden six times a day. Trade with us and you are sure of getting fresh stock. Tel. M. 398. 213-215 W. Second St.

MUST WITHDRAW OR FIGHT.

President's Long-deferred Ultimatum to Be Served on Spain This Morning.

Hostilities May Begin Before the End of the Week Unless Spain Complies With Our Demands.

REASONABLE TIME WILL BE GIVEN HER TO MAKE REPLY.

If a Favorable Answer is not Received by Friday Midnight the Blockade of Cuban Ports Will Be Begun—President Will Sign the Cuban Joint Resolution and Take the Last Diplomatic Step Looking Toward a Peaceful Solution Today—As Spain is not Likely to Back Down War Can not Be Avoided—Minister Polo Getting Ready to Leave Washington—Army and Navy Preparing for Action—Troops Hurried to the Front—Conflict Apt to Last a Long While Unless Spain Unexpectedly Throws Up the Sponge—Review of the Situation.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, April 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Sun's Washington special says President McKinley will send the long-deferred ultimatum to Spain tomorrow. He will immediately afterward notify Congress that he has signed the resolution, passed at an early hour this morning by the Senate and House of Representatives. Hostilities may begin before the close of the week unless Spain complies with the terms of the ultimatum. Spain will have about sixty hours within which to comply with the demands of the United States.

The note was ready for transmittal today, but the President felt there was no occasion for undue haste and decided to defer final action until tomorrow. An informal meeting of the Cabinet will be held at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning and the President will then notify officially his Cabinet of the contents of his note that in the meantime he will have sent to Spain through Minister Woodford at Madrid.

The note will quote the resolutions passed by Congress, and will notify Spain that under their terms her military and naval forces must evacuate Cuba and Cuban waters at once.

Spain will have until midnight of Friday, or 6 o'clock a.m. Saturday, Madrid time, to make reply. If by that time the Spanish government has not notified the President that its troops will be withdrawn immediately from Cuba, hostilities will begin at once by orders for the blockade of Cuban ports. The President's note will be short, and being an ultimatum, has but one choice to make, she must evacuate or fight.

ON THE VERGE OF WAR.

PRESIDENT'S ULTIMATUM TO BE SENT TO SPAIN TODAY.

A Flatfooted Request for the Evacuation of Cuba or Fight—Two Sessions of the Cabinet—Hopes for a Peaceful Settlement Abandoned.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Spain will not receive official notice of the demands of the United States before tomorrow. She will then be informed that the Cuban resolution passed by Congress at an early hour this morning is now a part of the laws of the United States, and an ultimatum will be sent in compliance with this law and an answer within a very short time, probably twenty-four hours, is expected. Compliance is not expected, and a forward movement on Cuba will commence the latter part of this week, according to the plans of the administration.

The Congressional Cuban resolution will not be signed until tomorrow. The ultimatum to Spain will be signed at the same time. The President early decided to make the two practically one act, by a simultaneous signature of each.

Two Cabinet meetings were held during the day, the first beginning at 11 o'clock and lasting nearly two hours, and the second lasting from 3 o'clock until 5:30 o'clock. At the close of the latter the announcement that the executive action was delayed until tomorrow was made.

SPAIN'S SHORT SHIFT.

Both Cabinet sessions were devoted principally to discussion of the ultimatum to be sent to Madrid. At the morning session the President rather favored allowing the Madrid government two or three days in which to reply to our demands, but since that time he has changed his views somewhat, and it is now believed to be his purpose to require an answer within a

short time, probably twenty-four hours. The reason for limiting the time to one day, or even less, is said to be entirely strategic, otherwise two or even three days would have been allowed.

After the withdrawal of the Ministers, and assuming that Spain does not back down, will follow actual war, but whether or not the first overt act would be preceded by a formal declaration of war, which would insure the immediate neutralization of the powers, or whether the North Atlantic squadron will make its appearance off Havanna as a beginning, cannot yet be predicted.

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Spain's ultimatum to the United States will not issue any letters of marque and reprisal or countenance privateering, but if the Spanish government chooses to enter upon this line of warfare, she will have to deal with the nations of Europe, with whose commerce she seeks to interfere."

SINCE MIDNIGHT.

THE VERY LATEST ADVICES BY OVERLAND WIRE.

This Morning's Dispatches from the Principal Seats of War News. Spanish Reports by Cable—From New York and Washington.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A London special to the Journal says: "It had a long talk in Paris this morning with an Ambassador of one of the great powers. He told me the governments of Europe had abandoned all idea of meddling in the matter. The fact is European statesmen are not anxious to arouse the military and naval ambition of America. They realize that any offensive continental concert at this time would be certain to stir up the American people profoundly, and result in a gigantic American navy which might upset the balance of the military power of the world. I know McKinley has been fully advised by cable that Europe is now and will be absolutely neutral. The determination of the powers is a concrete fact. It is the final deliberate policy of Europe and any statement to the contrary is a mere invention of Spanish agents."

THE ULTIMATUM.

"The ultimatum," said one member of the Cabinet, after the meeting today, "has been agreed upon in substance, but has not yet been formally drawn up. Its preparation has been entrusted to Assistant Secretary Day of the State Department. It will be sent to Spain tomorrow, and will reach Madrid in the evening, the difference between the time of this country and Spain being about six hours. I think you are safe in saying that Spain will be given forty-eight hours, that is, until Friday evening, to submit her reply.

"In accordance with the terms of the resolution, the President will demand that Spain shall evacuate the island.

The demand for this will be flatfooted and absolute, and no tentative or half-way reply will satisfy the President.

Nor will any compromise that contemplates the withdrawal of Spain's troops from the island and the subsequent re-establishment of Spanish control, or the

raising of the Spanish flag over the country be accepted by the administration.

"If Spain refuses to evacuate Cuba, prompt measures will be adopted to put in force the Congressional resolution. A blockade of Cuba will, so far as at present understood, be begun at once. There are sufficient war vessels in the vicinity to make this effective? I think such supplies as the Spaniards now control will not last more than a month. Then steps will be taken with a view to increasing the equipment of Gomez's soldiers and furnishing them with sufficient hardtack for food to en-

able him to harass the Spaniards from the rear which will materially assist in bringing them to terms. My own individual idea is that it will probably take two months to bring about the results which will compel the Spaniards to evacuate and enable the United States without molestation.

"No, the United States government will not issue any letters of marque and reprisal or countenance privateering, but if the Spanish government chooses to enter upon this line of warfare, she will have to deal with the nations of Europe, with whose commerce she seeks to interfere."

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CAPT. MAHAN'S OPINION.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The World's Rome special says: "Capt. Alfred T. Mahan said to me tonight: 'The American navy is as prepared for war now as any navy in the world, and its officers and men are as efficient as any similar body on earth. There is not the slightest reason to doubt that in case of war the result would be speedy and thorough, as the Spanish navy will find to its cost.'

NOT THE POPE'S MOVE.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Regarding the approach made to the Vatican by representatives of the European powers, that the Pope

[CONTINUED ON THIS PAGE]

Points of the News in Today's Times

[THE BUDGET—This morning's fresh telegraphic budget, received since dark last night, includes the principal Associated Press (or night) report, many exclusive Times dispatches, and a full commercial report; these together making 17,500 words or about 17 columns. In addition is a day report, not so fresh, of about 7000 words—the who-making a mass of wired news aggregating the large volume of 24 columns—A large proportion of it relates to the impending war-cloud. A summary follows:]

The City—Pages 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12.

Southern California—Page 13. Sprinkling restriction removed. At Santa Ana—C. R. Curtis arrested. San Diego citizens enlist to assist in mine-laying....Ballast Point news. Redland's new Trustees take their seats in the board—President Fowler reelected....Good scores made at the Naval Reserve target practice at Santa Barbara....Scarlet fever abating at Chino....B. E. Crapo of Pomona receives a souvenirs-spoon from the Maine. Funeral services of Jason Evans held at Pasadena—Republican Central Committee to hold a special meeting....Hay being imported in Ventura county—Large stock of produce on hand—Good walnut and prune crops anticipated—Large stock shipments....Saticoy water contract....The City Trustees at River side make drastic cuts in salaries....The season's orange shipments....To declare the Perris Irrigation District invalid....Bids for a pumping plant at San Bernardino....Army being mobilized rapidly....Details of equipment hurried along....By present plan 200,000 men will be placed in the field....Lieber Karl wins

Los Angeles Daily Times.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1898.

At 1 p.m. today, marched the streets to the depot and the cars en route for Chickasaw Park. Dense crowds of school and enthusiastic citizens whom along the line of march, tur Infantry will leave tomorrow for Orleans.

POLICE MAY ENLIST.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

FRANCISCO. April 19.—The Commissioners of this city have issued a resolution declaring that in case of war police officers who enlist will not lose their places, which will be filled during their absence by men whose appointments shall be merely temporary.

TROOPS GOING SOUTH.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Telegrams received at the War Department today indicate that a large proportion of the army will be on its way south before nightfall. In a few cases where temporarily in considerable distance from their posts, in order to reach which several days' marching will be required, there will be some delay in getting started south.

FIRST WAR MEASURE.

Will Be a Bill for the Reorganization of the Army.
[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, April 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Sun's Washington says that according to the present programme the first war measure to be considered by Congress will be bills for the reorganization of the standing army, and for the utilization of the volunteers. The latter bill was introduced today and the former has been under discussion in the House committee on Military Affairs for some

Ways and Means Committee has not formally begun consideration, still for raising money necessary expenses, but the Republican majority of the committee have outlined general plan of the bill. All of those in charge of financial legislation in the Senate and House that large expenditures will be necessary, even if the war should not come long.

OFFICERS CALLED HOME.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, April 19.—There have been many applications at the United States Embassy and at the United States Consulate here this week for enlistment in the United States navy or army. Most of the applicants were Englishmen, including several officers and former officers of the British army of the lieutenant colonels. They were all told that the United States officials here had no authority to enlist.

FIRST CALL TO ARMS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The War Department has reluctantly decided that its first call to arms would be for \$60,000 to be taken from the militia of the several States. There are some complications in the matter which it will take a little time to adjust, and which will prevent the issuance of a call today, and may delay it even a little longer.

TO INCREASE THE ARMY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Senator Hawley introduced a bill to increase the military strength of the United States. It is in accordance with the wishes of the War Department.

SPANISH FLEET.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, April 19.—A dispatch to the Herald from St. Vincent, Cape Verde Island, says that should war be declared, the Spanish fleet, consisting of the cruisers Cristobal Colon and Infanta Maria Teresa, the torpedo boats and torpedo-boat destroyers Eureo, Terror, Pluton, Arlete, Rayon and Azor, now blockading this harbor, will leave on all the ships t he utmost restlessness prevails among officers and men because of the uncertainty as to the time for action. No shore leave is being granted to any man on the ships, as it is expected that war will break out at any moment. The cruisers Vizcaya and Almirante Oquendo, which sailed from Porto Rico, are expected to join the fleet here by Wednesday.

GERMAN INFLUENCE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

BERLIN, April 19.—The German Foreign Office declares that Dr. von Holleben, the Ambassador of Germany at Washington, instead of joining in renewed representations to the United States, is urging Ambassadors to stop their attempts at mediation, as they are considered worse than useless.

CHEERED EN ROUTE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SYDNEY (N. S. W.), April 19.—A hundred colonists have offered their services to the American Consul, George W. Bell, in the event of a war between the United States and Spain.

MERRIAM ON DECK.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—Brig.-Gen. Henry C. Merriam, in command of the Department of the Columbia, with headquarters at Vancouver, Wash., arrived here today. He will tomorrow assume command of the department of California, succeeding Gen. Shafter, who will leave for New Orleans on Thursday.

WOODMEN'S INSURANCE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

ROCK ISLAND (Ill.), April 19.—The Executive Council of the Modern Woodmen of America, in session here today, denied that any of its 300 members would remain in support of the government of the United States in a war with Spain, without invalidating their insurance.

TEXAS RANGERS OUT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

AUSTIN (Tex.), April 19.—Adjt.-Gen. Mahrey, this evening, ordered the Texas Rangers to concentrate upon the southern and western frontier for the purpose of repelling attacks from Mexican outlaws, fear of which is justified by reports from that end of the State.

SEVENTEENTH'S SEND-OFF.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

COLUMBUS (O.), April 19.—The Seventeenth Regiment, U.S.A., composed of 52 officers and enlisted men, left Columbus for Tampa at 5:25 p.m. The citizens of Columbus insisted on giving the regulars a "send-off" and Col. Polk, by request, marched the troops from the post to the union depot over the Cuban resolutions are approved by the President. This calculation is based on the following figures, covered in plans already in effect or in contemplation, viz.:

Standing arm, 27,000; by call for volunteers, 60,000; by calling out State militia, 55,000 or 100,000; by Army Regulation Bill, 30,000.

Leaving aside the present regular army force, the second and fourth items are practically settled on in committee, while the third, as to State militia, is being actively canvassed, and while there are differing views, they are expected to crystallize into an organization to call out the numbers stated.

The bill drawn up by the War Department for introduction by Representative Hull, chairman of the Military Committee, authorizes the President to call for something like 60,000 men, to occupy neutral British territory. If that occurs a British force will see that the territory is vacated, and that British soil is not used as a base of operations for hostilities for either party to the conflict.

So far as is known, the French government will observe the same neutrality. Its West Indian possessions are considerable and it has several ships in those waters. Germany and the other powers are expected to take the same neutral attitude.

At the opening of the session the

representative of the Committee on Military Affairs, Mr. Cockrell of Missouri, and Mr. Bacon of Georgia explained the action of the Senate in voting against the conference report, which struck out the provision for recognition of independence. He contended that as only matters of difference go into the vote of the Senate, the conference report was only the Turp amendment for the recognition of the Cuban insurgents, and consequently those who had voted against the conference had only recorded the Turp amendment.

Mr. Bacon and Mr. Spooner fell into a technical discussion as to what was implied in a vote for a conference report in which many Senators participated.

Mr. Bacon declared that the resolution would have become a law if the Turp amendment had prevailed, the only difference in the bill in that the insurgent government could have been recognized. To this proposition many Republicans shouted "No, no" in unison, but none attempted at that time to explain the reasons for their dissent.

All that had been in the way of

introduction during Mr. Cockrell's speech. He returned at this point his discussion of the President's policy, which he contended, from the President's own language, meant intervention in the shape of "hostile constraint" upon both parties to the Cuban war, and the Cubans as much as the Spaniards. He commanded that the policy only looked to a pacification of the island of Cuba, not to the expulsion of the Spaniards or the establishment of a republic in Cuba.

Without concluding his speech, Mr. Cockrell yielded for an executive session at 5:05 the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The House presented a most desolate appearance when it convened at noon after the weary all-night session. While the journal was being read, Mr. Hager of Iowa, chairman of the committee on Engaged Bills, brought in the Cuban resolutions, which had been enrolled under his personal direction. The Speaker immediately signed them, and as soon as the reading of the journal was completed, at 12:10 p.m., he announced his signature. There was no hesitation in the enrolling clerk at his side to seal the resolutions and hurried with them across to the other end of the Capitol.

Mr. Grosvenor then, as a question of personal privilege, had read at the clerk's desk an editorial in a New York paper on the subject of the statement in the House on April 7, that the war would be fought under the banner of the Republican government of this administration, or it would not be fought at all. Mr. Grosvenor explained the circumstances under which the statement was made. He had been delighted to find the Democratic party had made, and in the statement he only meant that as the present administration had three years to run that the war which was on us must be fought during its life or not at all. He had meant no reflection and had intended both sides of the House to stand by the Executive, who had been assaulted.

In this connection, concluded Mr. Grosvenor, "I desire to say I believe this war will be energetically waged, both in a military sense and in the measures necessary to carry it on, and believe the response to the call of arms will be unanimous. There will be no political divisions. It will come from Democrats and Populists, as well as Republicans, and especially do I believe the response will come from every section of the country and the whole nation will share the important echo of loyalty."

Mr. Dingley stated that the House had been sitting all night, and that the members were weary, he would move to adjourn.

Accordingly, at 12:30 p.m. the House adjourned.

The movement of troops on Friday's

GETTING READY TO GO.

SEÑOR POLO DE BERNABÉ HAS PACKED HIS TRUNK.

Waiting for the President to Sign the Cuban Resolutions and Then He Will Leave Washington. French Ambassador to Have Charge.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CARSON (Cal.), April 19.—The organization of a number of volunteers is now in progress here, and a company of mounted cowboys is being formed in Round Valley.

SAGEBRUSH CAVALRY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WAH (Vt.) April 19.—Henry Wah of Vermont City is organizing a troop of cavalry for the use of the government. The men are to be from Mason and Custer Valleys, and seventy-five of the best riders of the State, all well-mounted and armed, are ready for service.

BRITISHERS WANT TO ENLIST.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, April 19.—There have been many applications at the United States Embassy and at the United States Consulate here this week for enlistment in the United States navy or army. Most of the applicants were Englishmen, including several officers and former officers of the British army of the lieutenants and colonels. They were all told that the United States officials here had no authority to enlist.

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SINCE MIDNIGHT.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

accept Cuba as Venetia was ceded by Austria to France and thus enable the Pope to declare Cuba independent, the Herald's special says, while giving a favorable reception to the proposition, he declared he could not take the initiative."

FRANZ JOSEF'S SCHEME.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A Rome special to the Journal says that Ambassadors of Brazil and Argentina deny reports of an alliance of their governments with Spain against the United States. Your correspondent is informed on official authority that the Pope is proposing that Spain give up Cuba, pledged himself to assume the entire responsibility for the act, and would have issued an encyclical calling on Spanish Catholics to respect his decision. No official answer to the Pope has as yet been received from Madrid. At the Ministry of Foreign Affairs it is said the Emperor of Austria has again urged intervention, proposing that the same measures be taken for Cuba as were adopted in the case of Crete, all the powers to send squadrons to Cuba to prevent the landing of American troops. Not one of the great powers accepted Austria's suggestion, Italy and Germany being the first states to refuse."

ENGLAND IS WARY.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A London special to the World says: "Mr. Dalziel, member of Parliament, informed the World correspondent that he had tonight handed in a notice of the following question for Thursday to Arthur Balfour: Whether he is aware that the torpedo gunboat Audaz, the property of the Spanish government, is now undergoing repairs at the docks in Cork, and whether instructions will immediately be issued to the customs authorities that in the event of war being declared before her repairs are completed she shall be detained."

The British government may be trusted to take effectual measures to prevent a repetition of the Alabama affair."

BRITISH SYMPATHY.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A London special to the Sun from London says: "Opinions collected by the Mail from many parts of the British empire show a strong pro-American feeling. Extracts are given from Canada, Newfoundland, China, Singapore, New South Wales, Jamaica, Malta, Bombay, Rangoon, etc., showing that the press and people are upholding the righteousness of the American cause and recognizing the right of the United States to intervene in Cuba and wishing the Americans success."

PACIFIC COAST DEFENSE.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A Washington special to the Sun says that Pacific Coast sea defense will be entrusted to cruisers and revenue cutters on that side and a number of improvised tugs. Orders have been issued by the Navy Department for placing two additional cruisers in commission for service with the North Atlantic and Pacific fleets, respectively. The Charleston, at the Mare Island yard, is ordered on May 15, or sooner, if she can be got ready. The executive officers of both vessels have been ordered to report for duty, and their commanders and other officers will be assigned in a few days. Men for the Charleston are to be enlisted from the Pacific Coast. The Charleston will probably become the flagship of the Pacific Coast.

WHEN THE WAR WILL OPEN.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A Washington special to the Times says: "The latest information is that Saturday morning the naval forces of the United States may be under orders to begin operations against Spain in Cuba. The fleet now at Key West may be in motion today or Friday. A Thursday start would be more popular in the navy than one deferred for a day. When the fleet arrives off Havana twenty-four hours must be allowed non-combatants to get out of the way with such property as may be carried out of reach of the guns of the battleships. This will be the least time allowed. The notice may not be postponed until the receipt of the answer to the ultimatum. So it is just possible that next Sunday will be the day on which the attack upon Havana, if one is to be made, shall open. Under the plan determined today, Sampson's vessels will not only blockade Havana, but will blockade every other port in Cuba, and the flying squadron under Schley will follow similar action to the ports of Porto Rico. Schley's force will probably not reach its destination until Monday."

BIRTHDAY HOSPITALITY.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A Kingston, Jamaica, special to the Herald says a high authority under the crown said today: "Hostilities will not be permitted within the three-mile limit of Jamaica, any Spanish ship so captured could claim the hospitality of Great Britain, deliver up and damages. If, however, the capture was resisted, no redress would lie, resistance being a violation of sovereignty."

SPAIN'S DESPERATE STRAITS.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A Journal special from Berlin says: "According to the Berliner Neuesten Nachrichten, a pronounced Bismarck organ, the Spanish government has made overtures to Germany for the sale of the Philippine Islands for \$20,000,000. Spain is anxious to take in exchange war munitions covering this amount. Spain has made no secret of her negotiations with England for a war loan in exchange for one of her colonies. The Minister of Foreign Affairs does not deny that Spain has approached the German government for the purpose stated, but assures me that Germany will positively begin to conform with the ethics of neutrality as soon as war is declared."

ALLEGED SPIES PARDONED.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Sun's London special says: "A Port au Prince special to the World says Hayti will not aid Spain in procuring supplies. Spain has no coal in Hayti."

SPAIN'S THREE TRUMPS.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A dispatch to the World from Madrid, via Bayonne, says: "The principal obstacle in the way of an understanding between the Cuban Autonomists and Separatist chiefs is that the latter insist upon Spain's withdrawing her troops and ships from Cuba and getting the Autonomists admit the sound-money principle? In the same terms, at least, as the loyalists volunteers. The insurgents also demand admission to the local administration and the colonial Parliament."

NO SHIPS SIGHTED.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A St. Thomas special to the World says there is no truth in the report that Spanish ships have been sighted near there.

HAYTI'S NEUTRALITY.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A Port au Prince special to the World says Hayti will not aid Spain in procuring supplies. Spain has no coal in Hayti."

WE DO IT RIGHT.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Sun's Havana special says: "The Cabinet Council was held very

ONLY A BARE GLIMMER OF HOPE

That Spain Will Succumb Without an Appeal to Arms.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK. April 20.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Tribune's Washington special says that there is, of course, only the barest glimmer of hope that Spain will meet this country's demand by ordering home her ships and troops from Cuba; and even were that the real desire of the government, it could scarcely be expected to surrender its present shadowy control of Cuba until national pride had been appeased by an appeal to arms.

The final answer of Spain may not reach Washington before Friday next, but it seems inevitable that some show of force on the part of the United States will be necessary before the end of the present week. To make this show effective, the available military strength of the country is being rapidly concentrated within easy striking distance of Cuba. Of regular troops from 15,000 to 17,000 will be mobilized within the next two days at Chickamauga Park, or at the Gulf ports of New Orleans, Mobile and Tampa, Fla.

The puzzling problem of supplementing the regulars at once with volunteer troops and not calling out the militia organizations of the various States, as such, seems to have been solved at last by the preparation and introduction in Congress of a bill authorizing the President to call at once for from 80,000 to 100,000 volunteers. Each State is to be asked to furnish its quota of volunteers, and the present militia organizations may be converted into volunteer regiments, if the Governors of any States so desire.

All nominations for commissioned grades are to be vested in the President, but it is understood officers recommended by Governors of States are to be selected by the Executive.

It is hoped the new bill will open a way for the transfer of a large part of the organized State militia to the immediate service of the general government and will result in the assembling within two or three weeks of a fully equipped and disciplined army of at least 80,000 or 100,000 more. The new measure has the approval of all the military authorities here, and is also acceptable to the militia chiefs. Its passage through both houses of Congress is expected by the end of the week.

the city in large numbers. Three Americans, Thomas Carrick, J. Rilim and James Aanz, who arrived here from Philadelphia on the sailing vessel Myrtle, were arrested today and locked up upon the charge of spying and taking views of the fortifications of La Cabana. The charge against them was so grave and the situation so serious for the Americans that it was believed severe punishment awaited them. Mr. Leon Surpin, editor of the Toledo (III) Democrat, "We have found it to be a certain cure for coughs, colds and croup in our family and know of many others having used it with great success." Adv.

SAGASTA'S HOT WORDS.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE UNITED STATES.)

ASPIRATIONS ON SPAIN INDIGNANTLY REPUDIATED BY THE PREMIER—WAR IS THE ONLY WORD THAT GOES AT OLD MADRID.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

MADRID. April 19.—(Via Paris.) The supporters of the government in both houses of Parliament met in the Senate chamber at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Señor Sagasta, the Premier, addressed them as follows: "The times are so grave and the circumstances are so exceptional that acts and not words are necessary to face the present difficulty. Attempts are being made to sully the glorious history of Spain by an infamous calumny. The different Spanish governments have done their utmost to avert war, to which we are being provoked.

"We have now reached the limits of concession compatible with honor and territorial integrity. We consented to the last concession at the instance of the Pope and the powers. We yielded, in fact, but no demands are being made upon our honor and interests directed against our territory. That is a thing to which Spaniards will never consent. [Applause.]

"This is not the moment to train a parliamentary programme, but the moment unto ourselves as our fathers have done in the face of an alliance attempting against the integrity of our territory. The insult offered us today is the most infamous that has ever been offered." [Prolonged applause.]

Continuing, Señor Sagasta counseled the rapid constitution of the chambers, in order to accord to the government the means of defending the interests of Spain, he added, "will not allow a portion of her territory to be taken from her with impunity; nor will she be a party to any trafficking for her possessions." [Prolonged cheers.]

Seldom has there been witnessed a more impressive and stirring scene. The large hall of the Senate was densely packed with Liberal Senators and Deputies who listened with breathless attention to the short speech of Señor Sagasta, only interrupting him with unanimous and loud applause when he indignantly alluded to the ungrateful and infamous aspersions cast upon Spain, "with regard to the Malra disaster."

Even more enthusiastic applause greeted his stirring words when he stoutly and proudly declared that the government hoped to receive the support of all the parties in the defense of their territory and ancient rights against more odious and unfair aggressions than any of their ancestors and repelled with the same energy and courage."

The idea still existed in the mind of anyone here that war could be averted. Señor Sagasta's speech regarded as finally settling all doubts.

The Ministers met today to modify the speech from the throne in conformity with the situation. Señor Silvela, leader of the Dissident Conservatives, when addressing his party, declared it "impossible to form a political programme." He evoked the name of the late Señor Canovas del Castillo, and declared that he and his party would aid the government by voting as much as should be necessary for the defense of the nation, without any opposition, although making use of the responsibility incurred in order to investigate it if need be at a more opportune time.

He declared also that Dissident Conservatives would respect whatever financial arrangements the government might enter into, no matter what these might cost, as it was the "only means of securing later on peace with honor."

WILL DISTURB FINANCES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

PARIS. April 20.—The Temps says: "How long will the war be protracted, will the United States adhere to the sound-money principle? In the same way as Austria, the United States, instead of Italy. It is hoped that in this way Spain's amour de la guerre will be saved."

NO MORE NEGOTIATIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

LONDON. April 20.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphing at 8:45 p.m. Tuesday says: "A Cabinet Council was held very

early this afternoon in order to consider finally the resolutions respecting their relations with the United States. Ministers were unanimous in declaring that a conflict was certain and quite at hand. A few minutes later the Governor went to the Senate Hall, where the Liberal majorities of both chambers were assembled. Señor Sagasta, in a most eloquent but brief speech declared:

"We admit no negotiations in questions of honor. We do not make a traffic of shame. We prefer to ruin ourselves and abandon by all rather than do that."

"He concluded thus: 'I will finish my speech here because it seems to me as if I were robbing myself of time we require for other resolutions of greater importance.'

"The meeting finished with long and most enthusiastic cheers for the Queen Regent, the little King and the army and navy."

SAGASTA HAS FAILED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

LONDON. April 12.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphing Tuesday says:

"There is great excitement in all political circles. It is considered that the Republicans and Carlists will ask the government to give an opportunity of discussing their policy, but no one will oppose a grant of all the powers necessary for war, since such an action would entail public unpopularity."

"The adherents of Señor Romero Robledo are affirming that Señor Sagasta has completely failed in his mission since he took power with the object of pacifying Cuba and avoiding international conflict. They declare that there has been no result of his efforts and they advocate the formation of a national government the moment war breaks out."

MINE CONCENTRATOR BURNS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

WALLACE (Idaho). April 19.—The concentrator of the Morning mine at Wallace was destroyed by fire last night. The loss is \$100,000, insurance \$60,000. Three hundred miners are thrown out of work for six months.

NEW STEPS OF THE POWERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

UNITED STATES AND SPAIN TO LOCALIZE FIGHTING IN CUBAN WATERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

LONDON. April 19.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The Rome correspondent of the Daily Mail says that Italia, the organ of the foreign office, published tonight the following: "The powers are on the eve of taking a new step, namely, requesting the United States and Spain in the event of war to localize the hostilities to Cuba and the neighboring waters. This step will be taken after a declaration of war. Utter pessimism prevails in diplomatic quarters here, the Vatican alone being hopeful of peace. The Pope is working energetically to be accepted as arbitrator, but he admits that Cuba has already morally ceased to belong to Spain."

SAGASTA'S HOT WORDS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

A SENSATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

WHAT IS THE BIG PIANO SALE OF KOHLER & CHASE?

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

IS WHAT THE BIG PIANO SALE OF KOHLER & CHASE IS CAUSING—YESTERDAY, THE DAY OF THE OPENING, THEWARE ROOMS HAD A CONSTANT STREAM OF PURCHASERS—SEVEN LOVELY NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS SOLD IN ONE HOUR.

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THE TIMES—
Weekly Circulation Statement.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, ss.

Personally appeared before me, Harry Chandler, superintendent of circulation of the Times, a citizen of this city, being duly sworn deposes and says that the daily broadsides editions of the Times for each day of the week ended April 16, 1898, were as follows:

Monday.	12,000
Tuesday.	12,000
Wednesday.	12,000
Thursday.	12,000
Friday.	12,000
Saturday.	12,000

Total for the week, 189,600.
Daily average for the week, 26,327.
(Signed) HARRY CHANDLER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of April, 1898,
THOMAS L. CHAPIN,
Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 189,600 copies, turned out at the printing office during the past week, would, if apportioned on the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each working day of 31,076 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time; and it furthermore guarantees that the circulation of THE TIMES regularly exceeds the combined circulation of all other Los Angeles daily newspapers.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.
Liners
SPECIAL NOTICES—

1800 BICYCLES DOWN TO \$5. NEW 1898 model ladies' and gent's bicycles are now being sold on easy credit, cash or charge, at \$19.95 and \$25.00, to be paid off after received. If you will cut this notice out and send to SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., we'll enter the cost on their Los Angeles Catalogue and full particulars.

LOS ANGELES IRON FACTORY
Makes rags from worn-out carpets, any size, from a door mat to a dining-room rug, and can do it at a price less than any other rag made; all old carpet worked up to \$2.25. Tel. Red 365, 654 S. BROADWAY.

CARPETS—WHY MAMIE GOT YOU CARPETS—and why you have a pair of waiting carpets in your house? Well, you should paintize live people and get your work done at once. Ring phone in 217. Office 643 S. Broadway. ROBERT JOHNSON, 2.

DRUGS—IRA L. GUILLIARD, PHENOLPHOS and paraffinated drugs, American Institute, New York city, 1896; a knowledge learned by press and public; correct advice in all important affairs. 2859 S. BROADWAY.

THE AMERICAN STYLING APARTMENT—14th floor, 5th and 6th streets, and lay all kinds of carpet at 5 cents per sq. yd., all work strictly first-class. 312 W. SEVENTH ST. Tel. main 731.

LA TEAM CLEANING CO. will clean all kinds of carpets at 5 cents per yard; all work guaranteed. 522 E. ONCE ST. Tel. main 74.

WE DO UP NEGLIGEE SHIRTS AND shirt waists with the starch in the right place. THE EXCELSIOR LAUNDRY. Phone main 367.

WANTED— BUILDER WHO WILL BUILD house on installment plan; monthly payments. Address R, box 27. TIMES OF FICE.

Genuine Mocha and Java Sets. FRESH roasted daily at our store, J. D. LEE & CO., 130 W. Fifth st., bet. Spring and Main.

PRIZE-WINNER THOROUGHBRED GLADSTONE strain English sires stud for service. 173 S. LOS ANGELES ST. 21.

DO NOT PLACE YOUR FIRE CHARGE in a gunpowder keg. G. C. CHURCH & CO., 239 Wilcox Bldg. Not in combine.

BOSTON DYE WORKS—MAKE A SPECIALTY in dry-cleaning gentlemen's clothes. 226 NEW HIGH, near Temple.

RELIABLE YOUNG MAN WANTS PASSAGE to Europe; address any kind. 201 W. WILLIS, 222 N. Olive St.

MANUFACTURING FOR LADIES. 25¢ HAIR store and toilet parlors. MRS. WEAVER-JACKSON, 318 S. Spring. 21.

PROF. EARLEY'S NEXT CLASS IN HYGIENE meets April 28; diseases and habits of man. 226 S. Spring. 21.

WE WANT TO REPAIR YOUR ROOF before it rains again. G. WILLIAMSON, 53 S. 29th st.

CHINESE AND JAPANESE HELP furnished. 2605 E. 1st Tel. G. KID GLOVES CLEANED AT 5¢ PER PAIR FAIRWEATHER DENTAL DEPARTMENT STORE.

WALL PAPER FOR LEFT ROOM \$1. BORR. included. WALTER S. SAWYER.

SHOES REPAIRED—MEN'S SOLES. 5¢; Ladies' soles, 2¢. 405 S. Spring.

SCREEN DOORS. 5¢. ADAMS MFG. CO., 72 S. Main. Tel. red 194.

WANTED— Help, Male. BONNELL BROS. & CO. EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished.

Your orders solicited.

300-302 W. Second st., basement California Bank Building. Telephone 265.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m., except Sunday.)

MEN'S FURNITURE—Teamsters, tailors, etc.; laborers, \$1.75; rock drillers, \$2; stone masons, ruble, \$1.75; rock masons, \$1.75; teamster, \$1; etc.; etc.; wood, \$1.75; stone masons, \$1.75; laborer, \$2.00; etc.; teamsters, \$1.75; laborer, \$2.00; etc.; teamsters and laborers, \$1.75 etc. day; timer man, \$1.75; men's hotel department.

Short order cook, restaurant, \$3 week; second cook, hotel, country, \$30 month; man and maid, \$30 month.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT—Housewife, Vineland, \$12.00; Murieta Co., \$12.00; Azusa, \$12.00; Spanish fork, \$12.00; San Gabriel, \$12.00; Pasadena, \$12.00; nursing \$2.00; cook and second girl, \$30 and \$25; 2 house girls, home nights, \$25.

LAIDES HOTEL DEPARTMENT. Experienced cashier, \$15; tamale maker, \$15; assistant housekeeper, country, \$15; laundry, \$15; maid, \$15; waitress, San Bernardino, \$15; cook, Colton, \$20; waitress, etc. EDWARD NITTINGER, 226 S. Spring. 20.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

WANTED—SAFEMAN'S PUBLISHING company, tailors, tailoring, tailors, porters, dry house, under man, cutter, grid iron, milliner, herald, pressed, heel man, blockader, man, man, wife, farmer, leather worker, tailor, seamstress, pianist, driver truck, build, office man, others. EDWARD NITTINGER, 226 S. Spring. 20.

WANTED—NAME AND ADDRESS OF a cavalry trooper to be offered to the government at the first call for volunteers, only those meeting business and qualified according to the U. S. Army regulations need apply. Address R, box 73. TIMES OF FICE.

WANTED—COAT MAKER, SOLICITOR manager legal, tailoring establishment, \$25 week; porters, tailors, tailors, tailors, porters, water dishwasher. Other good positions at RELIABLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 412 S. Broadway. 20.

WANTED—MAIN-ST. EMPLOYMENT Agents, strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Orders solicited. 323 S. MAIN.

WANTED—3 TEAMSTERS FOR RAIL- road work in Arizona and New Mexico \$1.75 per day. E. W. REID & CO., 126 W. First st.

WANTED—LIVE ENERGETIC REAL estate man, well acquainted with the city. MAYNE, TAYLOR & CO., 118 W. Fourth st. 21.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COLORED HELP of all kinds furnished. J. W. FOWLER, 204 E. Second st. Tel. red 184.

STOCKS AND BONDS—

WANTED—PIPE MARKERS & FIRST-CLASS

FACTORY, 202 Broadway st. 21.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO SELL NOVELTIES on street, salary and commiss. Mr. KNOX, 252, WILSONS BLDG.

WANTED— Help, Male.

WANTED LOCATING AGENT. BOOK CON-

TRACTS, \$15 week; book binders, ap-

prentices, dressmaking, copyists, etc.

assistant, carpenter, etc. Address R, box 73. TIMES OF FICE.

WANTED— Help, Male and Female.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE FROM THE East want to take charge of a lodging-house. Call room 24, 712 S. FIRST ST. 20.

FOR SALE— City Lots and Lands.

FOR SALE—A HOME FOR \$1 A WEEK; A 40-foot lot, \$150. Take Vernon car to White st.; new cottage, 5 rooms, b.th. and 40-foot lot, \$150. Address R, box 73. TIMES OF FICE.

FOR SALE—WE HANDLE RESIDENCE property exclusively. See us before investing. J. M. AUSTIN & CO., 419 Wilcox Bdg.

FOR SALE—\$5000. 16 ACRES ADJOINING THE PROPERTY OF THE H. S. REED'S AGENCY, 106 W. First st.

FOR SALE—OWNER BEST LOT BATON'S extension. Knob Hill, 42 Wilcox BLDG.

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Los Angeles Daily Times.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1898.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

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ANNOUNCEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES. A Naval Cadet.
 ORPHELIN. Vaudeville.
 BURUANK. The First Born.

THE SITUATION.

Below is given a brief summary of the more important developments of yesterday in connection with the Cuban situation:

Vice-President Hobart and Speaker Reed sign the joint resolution for Cuban independence, and it is sent to the President.

Two Cabinet sessions held yesterday to decide upon plans of procedure.

The President will sign the joint resolution today, and will send an ultimatum to Spain, demanding compliance with the action of Congress.

A call to be issued for 80,000 volunteers to be taken from the militia of the several States. California to be called upon for one regiment.

A popular war loan of \$100,000,000 will probably be authorized, to be placed through the postoffices throughout the country.

Spaniards in Porto Rico forcing Americans to leave the island.

The Triple Alliance, composed of Germany, Austria and Italy, said to have proposed a plebiscite in Cuba to enable the population to vote for the form of government under which they shall live.

The Carlist movement gaining headway. Don Carlos said to be ready to cross the Spanish frontier and place himself at the head of his followers.

Probability that Fitzhugh Lee will command a brigade of volunteers from Virginia and West Virginia.

Spain to be given not exceeding sixty hours to reply to our ultimatum.

The attitude of the Spanish government firm and defiant.

Minister Polo and staff expected to leave Washington today.

Minister Woodford remains at his post.

NOW FOR ACTION.

This morning's dispatches from Washington indicate that from now on the course of events in the Cuban controversy will be swift enough to satisfy even the most bellicose of the non-combatant contingent. The President will today affix his official signature to the joint resolution adopted by the Senate and House of Representatives, yesterday, and will at the same time send an ultimatum to Spain, transmitting the joint resolution, demanding compliance with its requirements, and giving the Spanish government twenty-four hours in which to reply. It is not expected that Spain will require even so much time as twenty-four hours. A prompt refusal is anticipated, in which event the Spanish Minister at Washington will be given his passports and United States Minister Woodford will be recalled from Madrid.

Upon Spain's refusal to comply with our demands, a state of war will in effect exist between the United States and Spain. It has not as yet been decided whether a formal declaration of war shall be made, or whether our reply to Spain's refusal shall be the thunder of the guns of our fleet in front of Havana. In either case, there is every reason to believe that the action taken will be prompt and vigorous. It should be so, for strategic reasons as well as for humane considerations. Thousands of persons are starving to death or dying from disease in Cuba, and the sooner we reach them with supplies of food, clothing, and medicines, the better.

War preparations are going forward with remarkable celerity, and within a few days an army of not less than 100,000 men will have been mobilized, equipped and rendezvoused at convenient points on our South Atlantic Coast. The navy is already in an advanced state of preparedness for action, and our fleets could move on Havana at an hour's notice. Verily, the time for action is at hand, and the probabilities of further delay are extremely remote.

The only eventuality that can prevent war, apparently, is a breakdown on the part of Spain. This will not come without a fight. The present government of Spain is driven onward

artillery troops, the animals, to the threatened point in prime condition for the best service. So it is in the movement of army stores. If there is not bread at Chattanooga for the soldiers, for instance, the government may draw upon the bakeshops of distant cities and send the steaming loaves to the boys at the front at the speed of forty or fifty miles an hour, and an army of tremendous magnitude, with all its impedimenta, can be massed at a common center with a celerity that will be of vast moment in undertaking quick campaigns. It is easily to be believed that we could, if found necessary, throw an army of 100,000 men, or all arms of the service into Cuba within two weeks, and within a month could quadruple that number. Hence it is easily to be seen that in so far as that island is concerned, the campaign promises to be not a protracted one.

The contest which appears to be at our threshold promises to give to the world some new ideas of the greatness and power of the Yankee nation and its ability to carry out a military contract with neatness and dispatch. As for the fighting, we may depend upon men to cover the Yankee name with glory and to put an added dash of color in the brilliant hues that blaze on the folds of Old Glory.

WANTED—AMERICAN SAILORS.

One of the embarrassments of the present situation in the anticipated set-to with the Spanish nation is the scarcity of tried sailors with whom to man our ships. Of course this does not imply that our regular fleet is short-handed or deficient in good material, but it does mean that the governmental authorities are experiencing difficulty in enlisting men of right caliber and qualifications to man the auxiliary fleet which has been created within the past sixty days.

Commenting upon this phase of the crisis, the Pittsburgh Dispatch says:

"The work of recruiting able seamen for the navy in view of a possible war with Spain, has so far been altogether unsatisfactory. Desirablemen, especially those of American birth or citizenship, are few in number and reluctant to enlist. The thousands of hardy, keen-witted young sailors who have been graduated from the government school ships in the last ten or fifteen years, are not responding to the call to enter the naval service. The receiving ships for navy recruits are by no means over crowded as those of England would be in the presence of conditions like those which prevail here, and in the event of actual war the government may be obliged to offer a cash bounty for the enlistment of competent seamen in order to obtain the crews required for our multiplying ships. The reasons for this dearth of volunteers are various. In the first place, the young American just graduated from a training ship is reluctant to join the crew of a vessel sailing under a foreign flag, and this reluctance is hardened into sworn resolve by the experience of a single cruise under the command of a brutal sailing master. In the next place the hitherto tedious growth of our navy and the languishing condition of the American merchant marine have so disengaged his hopes of advancement in the maritime service that after leaving the training ship he has gone back to shore life fully convinced that the larger opportunities of promotion and success are to be found on land."

"Heren lies the real explanation of the scarcity of able seamen in this country and of the difficulty which the government has encountered in enlisting competent crews for our ships of war. The great trouble is that we have, practically speaking, no merchant marine to train sailors and keep them in service ready to respond to call for navy enlistment. An ocean commerce is to the navy of the nation controlling it, just what the preparatory school is to the college or what the militia is to the regular army—a feeder and a source of supply to the higher branch, turning over to the latter the disciplined reserves who support the general organization and make themselves a part of it."

"Our naval power and our merchant marine have always advanced and receded along parallel lines, and they always will. If our navy is to become great, our ocean commerce must keep pace with it, and be able to sustain it with men to make its fleets effective and respected. In their case, as in their decay, the two branches of our power are inseparable and dependent upon each other. Legislation to encourage the American merchant marine increased strength to the American navy, and any measure for the further development of the navy is a positive assurance of increased growth in our commerce on the ocean. One of the compensations of a marine war, if such a conflict must come, will be the demonstration it is bound to afford of the vital relationship between the navy and our commercial interests on the sea, and the impetus which it must inevitably lend to both."

FRESH FRUIT FOR THE REGULARS.

Will not patriotic citizens give our soldiers a hospitable greeting on their way to the front?

Brig.-Gen. W. R. Shafter, commander of the Department of California, with United States troops from the Presidio, San Francisco, en route to New Orleans—and Cuba—will pass through Los Angeles today, arriving about 11 a.m.

The Times suggests that citizens meet the train and distribute among the gallant regulars generous supplies of fresh fruit, with here and there, perhaps, a bouquet from fair hands. It will be a little thing to do, but a gracious and generous act to the passing soldiers, as they go forward to the field to fight, it may be, for the Stars and Stripes before another month comes in. It will be appreciated by them, and will cheer them on their martial journey at the best of duty.

We are sure the simple suggestion will be sufficient to move patriotic citizens to action.

Secretary Alger's reindeer appear to be almost as useless in Alaska as the Michigan saw-mill man is in the War Department.

A "PLEBISCITE" SCHEME.

It is reported in a dispatch from London that the Dreibund, or Triple Alliance, comprising Germany, Austria and Italy, acting upon the suggestion of the last-named nation, has proposed to the powers that a plebiscite or popular vote be held in Cuba to determine the form of government under which they shall live.

There is hardly a remote possibility that such a scheme will find favor with the European powers. There is at present a well-defined disposition on the part of Europe to hold aloof from the Cuban controversy. They appear to have rightly concluded that it is "loaded." European nations, individually and collectively, will doubtless continue to observe this discreet neutrality, for not one of them cares to incur the enmity of the United States. Furthermore, the suggestion is, at the present juncture, utterly absurd. Conditions are such in Cuba that a plebiscite could not be held if one were desirable. If the combatants on both sides were to lay down their arms, and an election were to be held to determine the form of government for the island, it would be impossible to secure a full, free, and fair expression of the popular will, so long as the rule of Spain continues in the island. A plebiscite held under Spanish authority would be a ghastly travesty. The Spanish officials would take good care that the verdict should be in favor of the continuation of Spanish rule, even though five-sixths of the people were for independence. It would be like a game with loaded dice, and the people of Cuba would be bneoced.

A plebiscite will be held in the island of Cuba, in good time. But it will be held after the Spaniards have been driven out of the island. When the last vestige of Spanish authority has been swept away, the people of Cuba will be free to establish their own government in their own way. Then they can hold a popular election with some assurance that the public will will be honestly expressed and properly respected. The suggestion of a plebiscite at this time is a flimsy diplomatic expedient which will in no wise affect the policy of the United States in regard to Cuba.

ANTI-WAR DEMAGOGUE.

An Associated Press dispatch from New York, under date of April 18, says:

"Bishop Potter presented a set of resolutions against war at the meeting of the Central Labor Union last night, but they were defeated by a vote of nearly two to one. The resolutions were signed by the bishop, Ernest H. Crosby, William Den Howells, Bolton Hall, Charles Frederick Adams and John Crosby. The resolutions are a masterly arraignment of war and a plea for peace couched in the most persuasive language of men renowned for their ability in the use of words, but they failed to stem the tide of patriotism. They say the destruction of the Maine is a question of fact should be left to arbitration; that the cruelty and oppression of the poor in our land is equal to that of Cuba; that war will only suffer to both Cuba and the United States; that a Cuban republic would be more cruel and oppressive than the Spanish rule; that the speculators would make money while the workingmen of the two nations catch each other down, and that a foreign war would interfere with the great battle for industrial freedom, which is more important."

It is conceded by all intelligent men that war is a great evil, to be resorted to only in very grave emergencies, and after all reasonable efforts for the maintenance of peace have been exhausted. But the statements made by Bishop Potter and his co-signers, in the resolutions above referred to, are not justified by the facts of the Cuban situation as it exists today. More than this, and worse than this, the resolutions, if their purport has been correctly stated, are a rankly demagogic appeal to the prejudices rather than to the reason and the patriotism of those to whom they were addressed. It is greatly to the credit of the Central Labor Union of New York that this specious appeal met with an overwhelming adverse reception.

The proponents of these resolutions evidently based their expectations of favorable action thereon upon the well-known fact that labor organizations (so-called) are too often controlled in their acts and utterances by narrow prejudices and demagogic appeals to passion. The resolutions bear evidence of having been drafted especially for labor-union consumption, with the idea that they would go through with a rush, because of their references to "the cruelty and oppression of the poor in our own land," the operations of "speculators," "the great battle for industrial freedom," etc. Under ordinary circumstances, such appeals, addressed to such an organization, would not have had the effect intended by the speculators.

Those resolutions are not so brilliant as to rhetoric as they are plain of understanding. They serve very well as a platform to get into a fight on.

Having chewed the rag to a finish we will now go out on the drink with our warships and chew the Spanish rag with the teeth of our roaring guns.

A contemporary remarks: "What we want is a song that will stir the war feeling in every breast." How would "Annie Rooney" do?

Make room on the pictured page of the flags of all nations for the tricolored ensign that bears a single star. Viva Cuba Libre!

The reconcentrados in Cuba are likely to have as fellow-sufferers who do not eat, the entire Spanish army stationed in that island.

The Queen Regent will open the Spanish Parliament, but it is likely to close to the strident music of Yankee guns.

If John Wanamaker gets any advertising out of his latest move, he is entitled to it by right of discovery.

Unless the powers hold her, Spain appears to be bent upon committing suicide.

Spain, you are up against it! If you are wise you will go ashore.

When the smashing begins we hope it may be done with true Yankee vigor and directness. We must make

be sacrificed, but more lives will be saved. The American troops will be sent to Cuba on a mission of mercy, and the establishment of a free government in that unhappy island will constitute a long step forward in the emancipation and the progress of the human race. There is neither reason nor common sense in the assertion that "a Cuban republic would be more cruel and oppressive than Spanish rule;" neither is there warrant for the other dogmatic and absurd propositions contained in these pusillanimous "peace-at-any-price" resolutions. The organization to which they were addressed did well to vote them down.

Nevada City is now enjoying a grand spectacle. The old boys who saved the Union are marching around with their game legs and parading with that pathetic empty sleeve which speaks of valor and of sacrifice for the land of liberty, as an object lesson to the youngsters who are likely to have an opportunity to go out shortly and repeat their dearly-bought experience.

When the ex-Confederates go down to Cuba and the Spaniards yell out, along the picket line, "Come over, Yank, and swap us some coffee," they will be looking over their shoulders to find the Yank, only to discover later that they themselves are the Yankees referred to.

The next thing we propose to throw through Spain's unglazed window is a large, raw, blood-red Ultimatum. What she will throw back depends upon her discretion and pluck, but Uncle Sam is at the bat and will take a swipe at the ball if it is as big as the moon.

The song that Congress sings, "We'll hang old Weyler on a sour apple-tree," appears to be of the right meter. The congregation will please sing and join in the chorus, while a detail goes out to find a suitable tree.

This is the situation: Spain must be content to loosen her bloody grip on Cuba, or lose the Philippines, Porto Rico, the Canaries and her whole blooming navy. We shall presently what we shall see.

As Spain has been going wrong for 300 years, it is too much to expect her to pull up at this late day and go right. The only way to steer a nation like that into the straight and narrow path, is with a club.

Sixty-eight per cent. of the Spaniards cannot read. This accounts for their idea that the United States is a little pin-head nation of hogs, that won't fight. We will proceed to educate them in a few things.

The American Embassy in London appears to be busy enlisting men for our army and navy, but we trust some few places will be left for the native-born American to get in somewhere.

The Missouri mule promises to be in the front rank in the march on Cuba, and we may depend upon the animal to kick his way to glory or the grave, with genuine Missouri spirit.

Brummett and Bartlett having apologized to each other and the country, and taken a drink together, there seems to be reason to conclude that peace once more reigns in the old.

"They'll rally to the fight. In the stormy day and night; In the bands that no cruel fate shall sever; While the stormy winds wait on high." Then Sousa came forward in the first half of the evening, and the peculiar antipathy of the occasion caused the patriotic outbreak. "Trooping the Colors" began they were gradually worked up into a regular war-time frenzy.

There was a chorus of about one hundred young women and men. With them on the tiers at the back of the orchestra, the band.

Then Sousa came forward in the white uniform of a drummer boy, and the peculiar antipathy of the occasion caused the patriotic outbreak. "Trooping the Colors" began they were gradually worked up into a regular war-time frenzy.

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a quick meal of the Spanish tamale, which is always better eating when it is good and hot.

The Times

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, April 19.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.03; at 5 p.m., 30.02. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 56 deg. and 60 deg.; relative humidity, 5 a.m., 88 per cent; 5 p.m., 78 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., 2 m.p.h.; 2 miles, 5 p.m., southwest, velocity 9 miles. Maximum temperature, 68 deg.; minimum temperature, 51 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

DRY BULB TEMPERATURE.

Los Angeles 56 San Francisco 46
San Diego 58 Portland 48

Weather Conditions.—The area of high pressure which covered the North Pacific Slope yesterday morning has moved eastward and is central this morning in Eastern Washington and Montana. A trough of low pressure extends from Arizona through the interior of California, with a ridge of moderately high pressure along the coast. These conditions are causing cloudy weather in the coast sections. The temperature has remained stationary or risen slightly on the Pacific Slope and in the middle plateau regions. Elsewhere it has fallen. Heavy frost occurred this morning at Spokane and a light frost at Baker City.

Forecasts.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Cloudy tonight; fair weather Wednesday.

WEATHER FORECAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—For Southern California: Cloudy Wednesday; fresh west-
erly winds.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Feminine fingers are found in every modern pile, from war with Spain down to the pocket edition of war that is fought out over ditch and headgate in a dry and thirsty land. In Fresno, an irate rancher so far forget his manners as to souse a fair opponent in the ditch, and now the courts will have a chance to arbitrate.

Oakland is honing for the coming convention of the Republican State Central Committee. She gathers comfort to her soul over the fact that Los Angeles is so far away and argues that the location of the southern city necessarily shuts it out of the race, as delegates will not want to travel so far. The delegates are yet to be heard from in the matter of their alleged reluctance to combine business with pleasure during a holiday in God's country.

The Sacramento Bee knows the topology of its own dooryard and chuckles with anticipatory glee as it says: "Spain threatens to send some of her ships around to the Pacific to annoy us. In such an event it is to be hoped that an attempt will be made to come up the Sacramento River. The silvers in the Sacramento River would stop a ship more effectually than any torpedo boat ever invented."

The San Jose Mercury has planted a figurative thumb to a contemptuous nose, and observes triumphantly: "Wyoming has agreed to admit California's starving cattle, so our selfish neighbors of Nevada will make nothing by their refusal to permit our herds to enter upon the pasture lands in that state. The Nevada cattlemen will lose the pasture money they could have made, and they will not succeed in their attempt to control the cattle market on the Coast."

San Diego people are somewhat worked up over the recent visit to that place of an individual who gave his name as Monsignor Henri Eummelem, said to be a representative of the Pope, who was inspecting land at Pacific Beach, to be used for a home for superannuated priests. It is now feared that this individual, who is described as "a tall, dark man, very polished in his manners and apparently Spanish," was really a Spanish spy, taking note of Pacific coast defenses, from which the San Diegans deduce the possibility that there may be more in store for that unfortunate city.

The Tulare Register philosophizes thus over existing conditions: "Judged by all rational standards, things are not as they ought to be. The god of the storm ought not to waste ten feet of rain every year in Cuba and grudgingly give the San Joaquin Valley half as many inches. And what has been the sense of having it rain pitchforks all winter all over the North Pacific ocean where there is nothing but water, while hungry herds and flocks roam over verdureless hills making themselves crazy by eating sand! And yet, while Topics dwells with dissatisfaction over this arrangement, he cannot help remembering that this San Joaquin Valley raised straw enough last year to have fed all this stock for twelve months to come and the frugal people thereof burnt it all up to get it out of the way. We remind ourselves ever so much of the Indians whose stomachs are either distended to point of suffocation or clinging to their backbone like wet linen to the human figure, empty and useless. There may be a Providence presiding over us, but not in us."

Weekly Crop Bulletin.

Unseasonably hot weather prevailed the earlier part of the week, accompanied by high, desiccating northerly winds; the latter pair was cool and mostly cloudy, with an occasional morning fog in the coast sections. The intense heat and drying winds were decidedly injurious to fields of barley, and vegetation not under irrigation; the faint hope therefore entertained of making at least a small crop of hay was extinguished. In the plains conditions which prevailed the earlier part of the week, though in a few localities some fields of very short barley are being harvested, with aprons attached to the reapers. Pastures have given out in the northern sections and cattle are being sent to other localities to obtain feed. Some cotton, tobacco, cotton-cots and walnuts from the hot, drying winds, but no material injury resulted to deciduous fruits which gave indications of a fair yield. Peach, plum, prune, pear, and cherry trees are in full bloom; loquats are in market; alfalfa fields are doing well.

A Business Rivalry.

F. W. Chase and F. E. Little are employees of the City Towel Supply Company and yesterday afternoon they emerged from the office of the Merchants' Towel Supply Company, No. 131 North Broadway, bearing marks of a sharp encounter.

The trouble was the result of a business quarrel that had developed between the companies, and when Chase accused Mr. Mix of the Merchants' Towel Supply Company, of cutting prices, the air became lurid. Mr. Mix claims that he was assaulted by both men, while Chase alleges that Mr. Mix hit him a sharp blow, and the fact that gave him the nosebleed, and a decided good faith in so alleging. Chase swore out a complaint charging Mix with battery.

BOYS IN BLUE.

PRESIDIO TROOPS WILL BE HERE TODAY.

Silverwood
124 SOUTH SPRING ST.About
"Retailing"
Shirts.

Los Angeles will receive her first invasion in the impending war between the United States and Spain today when the first trainload of American regulars will arrive at the River station en route to New Orleans from the Presidio. This will be the first of several trainloads of troops from the same place to pass through Los Angeles, for practically the entire force at the Presidio has been ordered East, only enough men being left there to perform the necessary guard and police duties. The train, which left Oakland about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, carried light batteries C and F, Third Artillery, with their horses and all marching equipment. These shirts are of course, being carried in freight cars as are the guns. The artillerymen travel in tourist cars, while the officers occupy Pullmans. The infantry and cavalry will follow later. Infantry and cavalry will follow later. It is expected that all of the Presidio troops will have passed through the city to what will almost certainly be active service.

That the arrival of soldiers will be witnessed by an immense crowd is certain, for those of the troops may be the only ones to witness the arrival of the coming war, unless the local companies of the National Guard are called into service, which is not at all unlikely.

It has been suggested that Los Angeles should give the regulars as hearty a welcome as possible, and as hearty a welcome as they can give the city will be given and duty done in the way of making them remember the city could be suggested than that of furnishing them with such a supply of fruit as will last them for a day or two.

The Chamber of Commerce has prepared to give them a quantity of fruit which will be taken to the depot early this morning. Any person wishing to make a similar contribution may do so.

It will be necessary, however, to get the fruit in the depot early if the train is to be reached with it because the crowd is expected to be so large as to make the easy handling of boxes of fruit difficult. The train will switch at River station and will not come to the Arcado depot.

As the soldiers are traveling on a special train it is, of course, impossible to announce just the hour they will reach here.

It is suggested that now is the time to file "Old Glory" to the breeze, and every flag in Los Angeles should be displayed today.

THE WORLD ON WHEELS.

NOTES ON WHAT IS DOING IN LOCAL RAILROAD CIRCLES.

The principal outward freight business from Southern California at this time is in moving the orange crop, which is surpassing general expectations in its magnitude. Each of the two transcontinental roads is moving nearly one hundred cars of citrus fruit daily of which five or six are lemons. The demand for both kinds is good at this time. Cheeses as to the amount remaining differ widely, but conservative authorities put it at 2500 to 3000 cars, although some say it is very much more.

The first train of troops left San Francisco yesterday about noon, and will pass through here today between 9 o'clock and noon. It consists of twenty-two cars, fifteen of freight, six coaches and one Pullman. There are 150 men composing two batteries, and 100 horses. The other trains leave tomorrow, the day after. There are 550 men in all to be sent to New Orleans.

While the roads have a large force of men at work making betterments on the tracks, the only new work being done in the section at this time is the building of the Southern Pacific is constructing from South Pasadena to Chino, and the new depot the same company is building at Riverside.

Yesterday Mrs. H. E. Huntington went north on the noon train in the special car Ostego. She has been in Southern California for many weeks, and now returns to her home in San Francisco.

General Superintendent Van Winkle of the Big Four left here for San Francisco yesterday. He has been spending some weeks at Coronado and other points in Southern California.

General Meyer, who has charge of the Raymond & Whitcomb excursion office in this city, will leave here on Friday of this week to take a place in the San Francisco office. His place here will be taken by Fred Thompson.

HELD TO ANSWER.

R. L. Barr, the Mining Sharp, to Be Tried on Two Charges.

R. L. Barr, the alleged mining sharp, reached the climax of his woe yesterday when Justice Morrison held him to answer the charges of obtaining money by false pretenses from N. Valin, his bill being fixed at \$1000.

Barr came from Denver about a year ago in company with three ladies, and won temporary notoriety when he made away with the eldest lady's savings at the depot. He laid low after that until he assumed old man Valin out of \$101.50 on a sham sale of a wash and coal business on Jackson street. The \$100 check on the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank which he used in the manipulation of the scheme, purporting to have been signed by A. P. Gauthier, rose up in judgment against him last Saturday.

Barr is held to answer on the charge of having sold in bad faith a check. Yesterday he was held on the other charge.

Police Notes.

Nelson Tate, the colored man who "did up" Gus Duvall, another colored man, paid \$15 for his fun, yesterday in Justice Morrison's court.

L. C. Page and F. R. Caldwell, the two men who are alleged to have bungled N. W. Clark out of \$225 in Morris Aschner's poker joint on North Main street, had their cases continued by Justice Morrison yesterday until tomorrow morning.

Frank Davis has been working in the chain gang for some days, and, while working on the dump, yesterday, watched his opportunity and slipped away. Harry Miles, one of the guards, got on his trail and captured Davis on First street.

An elderly man was found sitting down on Date street yesterday, and as he gave evidence of being ill he was taken to the Receiving Hospital in the patrol wagon. He gave his name as G. L. Hodges and upon his person was found \$192.35 in good current coin.

DR. WONG HIM, the oldest practicing Chinese physician in Los Angeles, has now died. For days San Francisco, where he intends to open an office. The doctor arrived in Los Angeles in 1873, and during his residence of forty-five years in the city has had a large practice among all nationalities, and is known and esteemed of all who have known him.

A Business Rivalry.

F. W. Chase and F. E. Little are em-

ployees of the City Towel Supply Com-

pany and yesterday afternoon they

emerged from the office of the Mer-

chants' Towel Supply Company, No. 131

North Broadway, bearing marks of a

sharp encounter.

The trouble was the result of a busi-

ness quarrel that had developed be-

tween the companies, and when Chase

accused Mr. Mix of the Mer-

chants' Towel Supply Company,

of cutting prices, the air became lurid.

Mr. Mix claims that he was as-

saulted by both men, while Chase al-

leges that Mr. Mix hit him a sharp

blow, and the fact that gave him the

nosebleed, and a decided good

faith in so alleging. Chase swore out a

complaint charging Mix with bat-

ttery.

Eyes Their Treatment

BAKER & HAMILTON.

Traps, Surrays,

Spanhorses,

Phaetons, Bug-

gles, Bicycles, etc.

LATEST STYLES. ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

No. 128-130-132-134-136-138 N. Spring St.

Annual Piano Sale.

ESTABLISHED 1852—INCORPORATED 1892.

Coulter Dry Goods Co.

REMOVAL PRICES
ON WASHABLE SHIRT WAISTS.

Our present prices on Shirt Waists are far below the regular retail figure. The assortment includes all the latest things in Ginghams, Zephyrs, Dimities, Percales, etc.

We honestly believe that any lady who wishes to purchase a Shirt Waist at any price, from 50 cents upward, will find some very interesting styles and prices here.

COULTER DRY GOODS CO.,
Corner Spring and Second Sts.

C. & S. Smith Store Co.
314 & 316 South Spring St.—
REFRIGERATORS.

J. C. Carr & Co.

TODAY

Fancy Ranch Eggs, per dozen.....12½c 18 lbs. Granulated Sugar.....\$1.00
28-oz. Creamery Butter.....40c 50 lbs. Best Northern Flour.....\$1.35
32-oz. Westminster Butter.....50c 5-gal. keg Maple Syrup.....\$8.75
Curtis' Blue Label Catsup, pint.....19c 1 gal. Whittier Blackberries.....25c
Best Almonds, per lb.....10c 1 qt. Best Cala. Olive Oil.....75c
Best Goods, Prices Lowest in the City. Try Us.
PHONE MAIN 950. 623 SOUTH BROADWAY.

Southern California
Music Co. 216-218 West Third Street.
OPEN EVENINGS. IN THE BRADBURY BLDG.

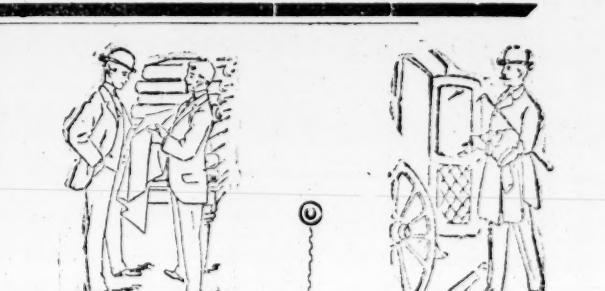
H. JEVNE

Our Excellent Cheeses



205-210 South Spring Street.

Have gained a very considerable reputation. One reason is the variety of kinds to be always found here. Another and better reason is the fact that we pay so much attention to freshness. Lovers of good cheese will find Jevne's a very complete collection. All domestic and imported brands.



Department invites every gentleman in Southern California to inspect our beautiful English woolens, just arrived. They are in stripes, in plaids, in pin-checks, in designs confined exclusively to us, in all the swell patterns and colors worn by the men who set the styles for the English-speaking world.

Bartrum-Harvey, London, consider these \$20 worsteds the finest they ever produced.

This week we make them up for you at

\$15 and \$12.50 Stein-Bloch suits, this week.

Label on a suit has acquired this significance—PERFECTION.

It means the correct number of buttons and the correct kind of buttons, the right number of pockets in the right places, the very best linings obtainable, the finest trimmings at the hands of the best skilled tailor-artists, and absolute perfection of fabric, fit and pattern.

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It means the correct number of buttons and

COAST RECORDS.

A PECULIAR CRAFT.

BUILT FOR BOTH OCEAN AND RIVER NAVIGATION.

Flat-bottom Steamer With False Keel That Can Be Shed in Shallow Water.

FOR USE ON ALASKAN RIVERS.

IN THE KOYUKUK EXPLORATION COMPANY'S OPERATIONS.

Gloomy Crop Prospects—Petition to Flood Union Island—Horses Quarantined—Sheep Inspected.

Valley Road's Slip.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] TACOMA (Wash.) April 19.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The latest novelty in marine construction is a double-bottomed steamboat intended for both ocean and Yukon River navigation. It was towed into port this morning, having been built by Capt. Wouson, who operated the steamer St. Michael on Yukon River last summer.

In October Wouson returned home to Gloucester, Mass., and organized the Koyukuk Exploration Company, composed of sixteen Massachusetts men, who will sail with him May 1 in his peculiar craft. Mrs. Wouson will accompany the party as housekeeper.

With a view of best meeting his companions' requirements and comforts, Wouson has constructed a 75-foot steamer with a 20-foot beam, and 4-foot depth hold. Though primarily a flat-bottomed boat, she has been converted into an ocean boat by adding a false keel of 10x14 inch timbers, two large bilge keels, and two double propeller engines of high pressure. Thus equipped she will make the 2400-mile voyage to the Yukon's mouth.

When shallow water is reached, keels and propellers will be removed by taking out bolts, and a stern wheel substituted. She will then draw eighteen inches water, and be ready to ascend the Yukon and Koyukuk rivers, the latter being one of the streams that Wouson's company intend prospecting. The new craft today began loading fifty-five tons of supplies. She will be the first steamer to start for St. Michaels.

VETERANS ASSEMBLE.

Grand Army Department Encampment Opens at Nevada City.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] NEVADA CITY, April 19.—This morning the Thirty-first Department Encampment of California opened here, with Commander Chipman in the chair. Veterans Masteller, Wiegand, Shafer, Stilson and White were appointed a Committee on Credentials. Two hundred delegates were reported present. The annual reports of officers were read and approved. Committees after a patriotic address by Commander Chipman a vote was taken.

In the afternoon the regular committees were announced, and the Cuban question was discussed by many speakers.

The election of five members of the Veteran Home Association was made, the social order for tomorrow evening, and the election for other officers was fixed for Thursday morning. The encampment adjourned until tomorrow night.

The Sons of Veterans held morning and afternoon meetings at the annual reports were received and referred.

The ladies of the G.A.R. were called to order in Pythian Castle at 2 p.m. The officers reports showed twenty-seven circles and 900 members in the State. An increase of two camps and 150 members during the past year. So far the ladies' organizations presented are Mrs. E. J. Waggoner, Sacramento, and Mrs. Oliver A. Whipple, San Jose.

Mrs. Billingham of Los Angeles will probably be elected Senior Vice-President. The election will be held Thursday morning.

The Cuban Relief Corps are in session this afternoon with seventy-nine representatives present. After organization and appointment of committee the corps adjourned until tomorrow morning. Tonight a public reception was tendered to the visitors in Armory Hall.

BOND ELECTION.

Prescott Taxpayers Vote for Waterworks and Sewers.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] PRESCOTT (Ariz.) April 19.—A special election was held here today on the question of issuing \$150,000 bonds for waterworks and sewerage. Tax-payers only were permitted to vote. Four hundred and one votes were cast, out of which only nine votes were in opposition to it.

The proposition contemplates building a reservoir for storage and a complete system of sewerage.

Several applications for the purchase of bonds are already received by the City Council. Capitalists are already on the ground, and have secured an option on land for re-education works, and are only awaiting favorable action on this proposition to commence work.

The erection of a score or more buildings has also been depending on the result of the election, among the number being a large, five-story, modern hotel.

CLIMATE AND CROPS.

Rainfall Deficient—Inusual Heat. Crop Prospects Gloomy.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—The following is a summary of the Weather Bureau's bulletin of the crop and climatic conditions throughout the State for the week ending April 18:

"The drouth continues in California; the only rainfall for the week reported from the various Weather Bureau stations amounted to only .02 inches, from Eureka. The deficiency in rainfall is about one-half that of the north coast sections; half in inch in the great valleys, decreasing southward, and about a quarter of an inch south of the Tehachapi.

The weather has been warm as well as dry, the temperature for the week exceeds the normal just a degree or two, and 5 deg. or more along the central coast. The continued absence of the late spring rains gives little hope of relief, and the prospects for crops could hardly be worse.

"While the cloudy weather at the beginning of the week did not enable the subsequent north winds dried up the land, and in places finished the grain. The 12th and 13th were unusually warm days, the temperature in places breaking the record for the period.

"Grain and hay have suffered severely and the outlook is discouraging. Stock is starving and horses can

be bought in some localities for \$1.50. Sheep are perishing. Fruit is doing well, but as orchardists have not faced such a dry season before, the future is uncertain."

TO FLOOD UNION ISLAND.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] STOCKTON, April 19.—A petition is being circulated among the land-owners of Union Island looking to the flooding of the entire island immediately.

It is said that not more than a quarter of the grain on the island can be eaten if it is thrown to the sacrifice this for the general good during the next season. The petition has just been started. All who sign it relinquish their right to whatever grain they may have growing now.

USE OF A FERRY SLIP.

Valley Road Gains Entrance to San Francisco Docks.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—The Harbor Commissioners have granted the application of the San Joaquin Valley Railroad for the use of the passenger Sausalito ferry slip, and also the office now occupied by the chief wharfinger. In conjunction with the Valley Road the California Navigation and Improvement Company's steamer H. J. Corcoran, now building at Stockton, will ply between this city and Stockton. The Corcoran is a double-ender and needs a slip.

CRAYON-FAIR CASE.

BILL OF EXCEPTIONS HAS MYSTERIOUSLY DISAPPEARED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—There is a new sensation in the Crayon-Fair case. The bill of exceptions from Judge Slack's decision has disappeared. It was lost or stolen from the desk of the courtroom clerk, for no trace of it has been discovered after a prolonged search by County Clerk Curry's deputies. Owing to this fact Mrs. Craven was today granted twenty days further time in which to file her transcript on appeal in the case against the trustees of the estate of James G. Fair.

HORSES TO BE QUARANTINED.

CARSON (Nev.) April 19.—The Board of Health has reported resolutions for placing horses on the quarantining list, and also suggesting the establishment of a quarantine station at Verdi, Nev., on the State line. For sheep, seeking admission to the State, an inspector will be appointed, and each sheep thus inspected will be taxed at the rate of 25 cents per head, which will compensate the inspector.

TRAMPS MANGLED.

SACRAMENTO, April 19.—A tramp named John M. Tufts from Jasper, Fla., was terribly mangled at Davisville this evening by the train on which he had been riding the brake-beam. One leg and shoulder were terribly crushed.

KILLED BY A CONSTABLE.

OKLAHOMA CITY, April 19.—Hugh Campbell of Okla county was shot and instantly killed last evening by Constable J. B. Smith of Arbuckle. Smith claims that his daughter had been criminally assaulted by the dead man. Smith came over to arrest Campbell. Campbell resisted and was killed.

PRINCE GOES NORTH.

SAN DIEGO, April 19.—Prince Albert of Belgium left for San Francisco today.

THE JUNTA CELEBRATES.

OLD GLORY AND CUBAN FLAG NOW FLOAT SIDE BY SIDE.

Palma Thanks Americans for Sympathy and Support—Say As Soon Spanish Leave, Cuba Will Draft Constitution and Elect a Government.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] NEW YORK, April 19.—The Junta displayed the American and Cuban flags side by side today, in celebration of the adoption by Congress of the resolution declaring the island free and independent.

TOMAS ESTRADA PALMA SAID TODAY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] NEW YORK, April 19.—The Junta displayed the American and Cuban flags side by side today, in celebration of the adoption by Congress of the resolution declaring the island free and independent.

INGLESIDE RACES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—The weather at Ingleside was fine and the track fast.

"Just as soon as the Spaniards are driven from the island, the Cubans will call a new assembly to draft a constitution and elect a government, just as is done in the United States.

The Junta is to the recognition of the Cuban Republic. The declaration that the people of Cuba are free and independent.

"While the Cuban people acknowledge allegiance only to the republic of Cuba, which they have established and maintained by force of arms, the only object of the insurrection was the independence of Cuba.

"This is provided for by the resolutions. The Cubans said that before intervention there be recognition of independence. This was also provided for by the resolutions. Their desire to run their own government free from control of any foreign power.

"Under the circumstances, the demand made by the United States that Spain at once evacuate the island, and the threat that in the event of her refusal the land and naval forces of the United States would be used to compel evacuation certainly meets the deepest interest of the people of Cuba.

"Should force be necessary on the part of the United States, there will be the most prompt cooperation by the Cuban government and its army. Coast pilots and practiced pilots will be placed immediately at the service of the United States, and in every way will the Cubans aid in expelling the common enemy.

"To the patriotism of the American people and the American press, the Cubans owe a debt of the deepest gratitude and for the confidence which they have in them they hope to prove their worthiness.

"The steadfastness with which they have pursued their ideal for independence, and the organization which they have shown in their fight against Spain are sufficient proof that they will be able to maintain their independence, and that peace will be their only object for the future."

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] BOSTON, April 19.—The New Yorks opened up vigorously on Nichols today, but the effort only lasted one inning. On the other hand, Doheney was pounded out of the box, and the result was a walk-over for the home team. Attendance, 8000. Score, 53-33 S. Spring St.

SPORTING RECORDS.

TENNESSEE DERBY.

SCHORR'S FORESTER COLT LIEBER KARL WINS.

Made All the Running and Captured the Five Thousand Guarantee by Three Lengths.

ISABEY SECOND UNDER WIRE.

LARGEST ATTENDANCE IN HISTORY OF MONTGOMERY PARK.

Carlson Broke Her Neck at Cincinnati—Donnis Fell Carrying Down Jockey Campbell—Rain Interrupts Ball Games.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] MEMPHIS (Tenn.) April 19.—The Tennessee Derby, at a mile and one-eighth, guaranteed value \$5000, was won today by John W. Schorr & Son's Forester colt Lieber Karl. The time was 1:57½. Isabey finished second, with Goodrich third.

ANOTHER WRITER GONE.

George Parsons Lathrop Dies Suddenly at Roosevelt Hospital.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] NEW YORK, April 19.—George Parsons Lathrop died today at Roosevelt Hospital, after a brief illness.

Mr. Lathrop was received at the hospital Saturday suffering from a complication of diseases. This morning his temperature rose suddenly and he died before there was time to summon his wife or any of his relatives to his bedside.

Mr. Lathrop was born in Honolulu July 21, 1854, and died yesterday at 2:30, while the chair of assistant editor of the Atlantic Monthly was offered to him. He filled it for two years. He turned from that magazine to the work of editing a Boston Sunday newspaper. He married Rose Hawthorne, daughter of the noted novelist, Nathaniel Hawthorne.

Among the many volumes published by Mr. Lathrop the best-known are "A Study of Hawthorne," "The Masque of the Poets," "An Echo of Passion," "Spanish Vistas," "Newport," "Somebody Else," "Afterlow," "Would You Kill Him," and "In the Distance."

GOOD MARKET FOR CORN.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—California is still offering good prices for the corn of Nebraska, Iowa and Kansas. Large shipments of this cereal are now coming west. The needs of the cattle in Central and Southern California, and particularly the failure of this year's barley crop, are the reasons for the existing demand for corn.

FENTON AGAINST THE FIELD.

PORTSMOUTH (O.) April 19.—The Republican Congressional Convention of the Tenth District adjourned today after 1276 ballots and no choice, with the same result as the previous ballot. The situation is still Fenton against the field, several delegations going tired and say they will break today or enter some combination regardless of their candidate's request.

CRESCO STAIN.

NEW YORK, April 19.—The Herald's Correspondent confirms the report that Joaquin Cresco, former President of Venezuela, has been slain in a battle with insurgent troops under Hernandez.

EDITOR CHAMBERLAIN DEAD.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Ernest O. Chamberlain, managing editor of the Evening World, died Monday night of pneumonia, aged 38 years.

GEOLIST MARION GONE.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Prof. Jules Marion, famous through the world as a geologist, is dead at his home at Cambridge, Mass.

FATAL COLLIER FIRE.

LONDON, April 19.—The Whitwick colliery in Leicestershire is on fire. It is believed that forty-one lives have been lost.

MRS. KRINER'S LETTER.

ABOUT CHANGE OF LIFE.

"I suffered for eight years and could find no permanent relief until one year ago. My trouble was Change of Life. I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and relief came almost immediately. I have taken two bottles of the Vegetable Compound, three boxes of Pills and have also used the Sanative Wash, and must say, I have never had anything help so much. I have better health than I ever had in my life. I feel like a new person, perfectly strong. I give the Compound all the credit. I have recommended it to several of my friends who are using it with like results. It has cured me of several female diseases. I would not do without Mrs. Pinkham's remedies for anything. There is no need of so much female suffering. Her remedies are a sure cure."—Mrs. ELLA KRINER, Knightstown, Henry Co., Ind.

SATSUMA WINS AGAIN.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, April 19.—The weather at Ingleside was fine and the track fast.

"Four furlongs: Wheezy, 112 (Goldfinch) 8 to 1, second: Abano, 117 (Woods) 8 to 1, second: Abano, 112 (Shields) 5 to 1, third: time 0:49½. Ann Page, Distance, Martello, Chilcot Pass, Zaccatozo, Rey Hooker, Ocoroma, also ran.

Seven furlongs: selling: Daisy, F. 105 (Clawson) 5 to 2, won: Odds On, 116 (Clawson) 5 to 1, second: Charles le Roy (Thorne) 7 to 1, third: time 1:28¾. Elsinore, Mistleton, Abina, Prompto, also ran.

One mile: Satsuma, 113 (Shields) 13 to 5, won: Newsgatherer, 103 (Clawson) 6 to 1, second: Cabrillo, 110 (Weaver) 100 to 1, third: time 1:34½. Grady, Joe, Ultimo, Ashlight, Picket, also ran.

Five furlongs: selling: Lydia, F. 105 (Glover) 29 to 1, won: Amasa, 119 (Cole) 8 to 1, second: Oahu, 117 (Gouin) 3 to 1, third: time 0:56½. Pop Dixon, Ten Pins, second, Kirk third: time 1:49½.

Five furlongs: Dave S. won, Purity second, Carlotta third: time 1:02.

EPSON SPRING MEET.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] NEW YORK, April 19.—At the first day's racing of the Epsom spring meeting to Sir Scott's four-year-old bay colt by History won the great Metropolitan stakes of 1000 sovereigns. Lord Ellesmere's Villiers was second, and the Prince of Wales's Oakden third.

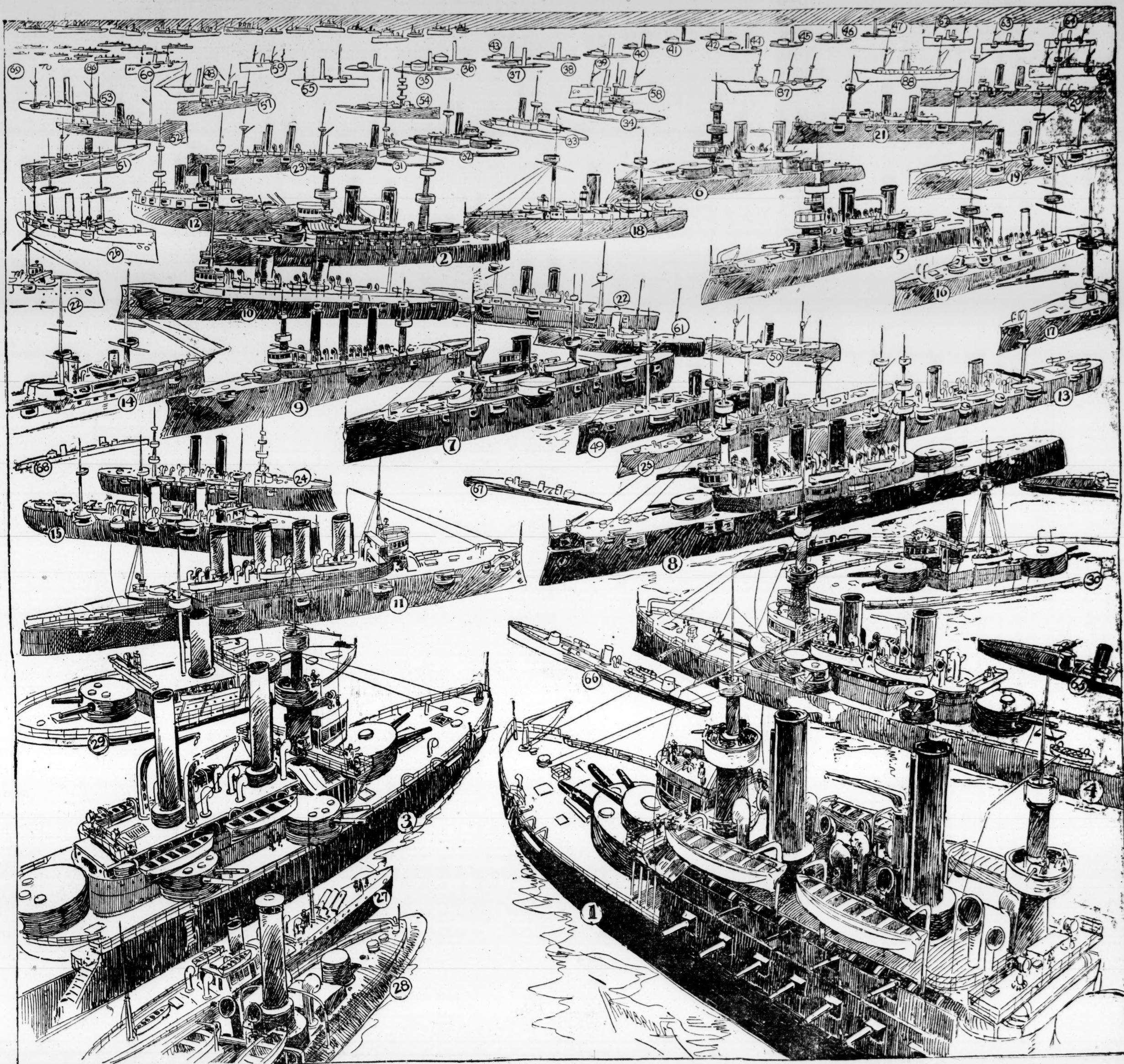
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"While the Cuban people acknowledge allegiance only to the republic of Cuba, which they have established and maintained by force of arms, the only object of the insurrection was the independence of Cuba.

"This is provided for by

THE UNITED STATES NAVY.



UNCLE SAM'S GREAT FLEET OF SHIPS OF WAR.

This illustration gives a comprehensive view of the entire United States navy. The tonnage of the first class battleships varies from 6,500 to 11,500. Their entire armament consists of from 25 to 45 guns each, and the roster of men, including officers and sailors, generally from 300 to 600. Smaller vessels have a proportionate number of men and guns. The Brooklyn and New York, which belong to the special class of armored cruisers, have a tonnage respectively of 9,271 and 8,200 and an armament of 20 and of 16 guns. The gunboats, of a tonnage of from 900 to 1,700, carry from 12 to 16 guns. The torpedo boats, whose tonnage varies from 31 to 189, have 6 or 7 guns, and their entire crew always consists of 20 men. In the internal revenue service and those of the auxiliary fleet are unnumbered:

FIRST CLASS BATTLESHIPS

1. Kentucky.
2. Kearsarge.
3. Iowa.
4. Indiana.
5. Oregon.
6. Massachusetts.
7. Texas.
8. New York.
9. Brooklyn.
10. Minneapolis.
11. Columbia.
12. Olympia.
13. Baltimore.

FIRST CLASS ARMORED CRUISERS.

14. Chicago.
15. Philadelphia.
16. Boston.
17. Raleigh.
18. Charleston.
19. San Francisco.
20. Cincinnati.
21. Atlanta.
22. Marblehead.
23. Montgomery.
24. New Orleans.
25. Newark.
26. New York.
27. Vesuvius.
28. Katahdin.
29. Baltimore.

PROTECTED CRUISERS.

30. Puritan.
31. Amphitrite.
32. Monadnock.
33. Miantonomoh.
34. Monterey.
35. Ajax.
36. Canonicus.
37. Comanche.
38. Catskill.
39. Jason.
40. Lehigh.
41. Mahopac.
42. Manhattan.
43. Montauk.
44. Nahant.
45. Nantucket.

DYNAMITE CRUISER.

46. Passaic.
47. Wyandotte.
48. Annapolis.
49. Bancroft.
50. Bennington.
51. Concord.
52. Yorktown.
53. Nashville.
54. Helena.
55. Vicksburg.
56. Newport.
57. Castine.
58. Machias.
59. Petrel.
60. Wilmington.
61. Dolphin.
62. Princeton.

RAM.

50. Terror.
51. Amphitrite.
52. Monadnock.
53. Miantonomoh.
54. Monterey.
55. Ajax.
56. Canonicus.
57. Comanche.
58. Catskill.
59. Jason.
60. Lehigh.
61. Mahopac.
62. Manhattan.
63. Montauk.
64. Nahant.
65. Nantucket.

UNARMORED MONITORS.

63. Marietta.
64. Wheeler.
65. Cushing.
66. Bennington.
67. Porter.
68. Foote.
69. Ericsson.
70. Stiletto.
71. Rodgers.
72. Winslow.
73. Dupont.
74. Rowan.
75. Dahlgren.
76. Calumet.
77. Craven.
78. Davies.
79. Fox.

GUNBOATS.

63. Marietta.
64. Wheeler.
65. Cushing.
66. Bennington.
67. Porter.
68. Foote.
69. Ericsson.
70. Stiletto.
71. Rodgers.
72. Winslow.
73. Dupont.
74. Rowan.
75. Dahlgren.
76. Calumet.
77. Craven.
78. Davies.
79. Fox.

TORPEDO BOATS.

80. Morris.
81. Talbot.
82. Mackenzie.
83. McKee.
84. Stringham.
85. Goldsborough.
86. Dailey.
87. Mayflower.
88. Fern.
89. THE REVENUE FLEET.
90. Gresham.
91. Calumet.
92. Chandler.
93. Chase.
94. Colfax.
95. Dallas.

80. Morris.
81. Talbot.
82. Mackenzie.
83. McKee.
84. Stringham.
85. Goldsborough.
86. Dailey.
87. Mayflower.
88. Fern.
89. THE REVENUE FLEET.
90. Gresham.
91. Calumet.
92. Chandler.
93. Chase.
94. Colfax.
95. Dallas.

THE AUXILIARY FLEET.

96. Enterprise.
97. Essex.
98. Hartford.
99. Michigan.
100. Lancaster.
101. Pinta.
102. Marion.
103. Mohican.
104. Yantic.
105. Alliance.

THE FLEETS COMPARED.

In comparing the United States navy with that of Spain, the difficulty is to ascertain the exact condition of the latter country's vessels. Reckoned on paper and without regard to capacity for immediate service, the Castilian monarchy has the following ships to call upon: Armored or protected vessels, 17; unprotected, 17; gunboats, 80; torpedo boat destroyers, 14; torpedo boats, 14; transports, 25. Were these figures accurate, the Spanish navy would seem an excellent match for ours. But in the totals here given are many vessels of obsolete type, others building are not yet equipped, and others so small as to be practically of no use in case of war. The backbone of a fighting navy is necessarily the battleships and larger cruisers. When the list of real fighting ships on both sides is made up, all vessels not in condition for service being eliminated, the totals will be found substantially as follows:

	BATTLE-SHIPS.	ARMORED CRUISERS.	COAST DEFENSE VESSELS.	UNARMORED CRUISERS OVER 3000 TONS.	1000 TO 3000 TONS.	SMALLER CRUISERS AND GUNBOATS OVER 500 TONS.	TORPEDO-BOATS AND DESTROYERS.
United States	4	1	2	21,815	51,300	13,910	9298
Ships	52,500	6300	17,450	2	4	9	6
Tonnage		1	3				1228
Spain	1	3	1	9235	14,550	16,400	8650
Ships	3200	21,000	9235	14,550	16,400	9800	6217
Tonnage							

In battleships, it will be seen, the United States is far superior, especially when the tonnage of this class in the two navies is compared. In unarmored cruisers also we have a distinct advantage, and our ships are larger and more modern. Only to sea-going torpedo-boats has Spain any marked superiority. The eighty gunboats of Spain, of which mention was made in the first list, are for the most part of less than 500 tons displacement and could not take part in a sea fight.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

SOLDIER POLICEMEN.

COMMISSIONERS ENCOURAGE ENLISTMENT FOR WAR.

Leaves of Absence to Be Granted. Woes of the Dog-catcher—Advertising for Valve Bids Deferred.

BRYANT WILL BE DISCHARGED.

J. A. BEARDSLEY PROMPTLY CONVICTED OF FORGERY.

Supreme Court Decides That George Ebanks Must Hang—Damage Suit Against the Los Angeles Railway Company.

For the purpose of encouraging a patriotic spirit among the police officers of the city and inducing them to enlist in the military service of the country in event of war, the Board of Police Commissioners yesterday passed a resolution declaring that all who may enlist will be given leaves of absence for as long a time as they may be away and will upon their return be given their positions on the force. A similar resolution will be adopted by the Board of Fire Commissioners this morning.

Another complaint against the dog-catcher has been filed before the Police Commission. This time he is accused of having seized a dog on which license had been paid and requiring the owner to pay \$2 for the release of his pet. The matter will be investigated.

No action was taken yesterday by the Police Commissioners in regard to the charges recently preferred against Patrolman Field. The matter will not be investigated until all of the Commissioners can be present.

Hereafter saloon-keepers who desire to have their licenses transferred must pay their debts first. The payment of debts is to be made a condition of such transfers, otherwise they will be declared void and the license revoked.

The proposed purchase of 250 brass valves to be attached to the fire hydrants throughout the city will probably be deferred until after the close of the present fiscal year in order that provision can be made for the payment of the valves in the annual appropriations.

The District Attorney has decided to dismiss the case against E. L. Bryant, who was indicted two years ago on a charge of swindling Mrs. Harriet E. Hoxie by a fraudulent real estate transaction.

The Supreme Court decided yesterday that George Ebanks must hang for the brutal murders committed at the Mussel Beds in San Diego county over two years ago.

J. A. Beardsley was convicted of forgery by a jury in Department 1. Trial, a damages suit against the Los Angeles Railway Company brought by James Bedbury to recover \$15,000 he was yesterday before Judge Allen and a jury.

AT THE CITY HALL.

POLICEMEN MAY ENLIST

THEIR POSITIONS TO BE RESERVED WHILE THEY ARE AT WAR.

Patriotic Action of the Police Commission—Dog-catcher in Trouble. Saloon-keeper Must Pay Their Debts—Investigation Postponed.

Members of the police department who may enlist in the military service of the United States in event of the now almost inevitable war with Spain will not burn their bridges behind them so far as their positions are concerned, by so doing. At the regular meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners yesterday morning, a resolution was unanimously adopted, the effect of which will be to encourage enlistments among the policemen. Ever since the war cloud assumed proportions that indicated a fight, a number of the Los Angeles officers have been making preparations to respond to the expected call for volunteers. Whether they lose their position or not did not change their determination to go if they could possibly secure the acceptance of their proffered services. Some of them, indeed, have accepted the position of being compensated upon their return and in order to put an end to all doubt on this score the Police Commission adopted the following resolutions:

"Whereas, war is imminent between the United States and Spain, and whereas many brave fathers and sons are offering their services in defense of the Stars and Stripes, ready to place our glorious colors over the possessions of Spain in the island of Cuba; to the end that the horrors witnessed there the last three years shall cease, and the people of Cuba be given their freedom and independence from Spanish rule; and whereas, members of the police department have shown their true love of country by declaring their intention to take up arms in the defense of their country, be it

"Resolved, that it is the sense of the commission that in the event of a member of the department asking for a leave of absence for the purpose of enlisting in the service of his country, the same shall be granted on the understanding that the said member of the department shall be reinstated when he so petitions."

EXCEEDED HIS AUTHORITY.

From time to time since the present rigid enforcement of the dog ordinance began, complaints have been made to the Police Commission against the manner in which the dog-catcher or his assistants do their work. Another complaint was filed yesterday, which, unless settled by that officer, will cause him to be suspended by the commission. The complaint is as follows:

"Between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock this afternoon the dog-catcher, in the employ of the city, came upon my premises on South Figueroa street and drove me out onto the street; then throwing my net over it caught and proceeded to put it in a wagon. While the dog was still in the net, and before it was put into the wagon, my wife offered to redeem it and asked to be allowed to do so, but her request was refused in a most insolent manner. My dog, a male, weight 7 lbs., which was taken out last June in regular form, and which entitles me to the possession of my dog at all times, so long as it remains on my premises, was offered as evidence that the dog was not liable to impoundment.

"I insist that the dog-catcher has no more right to come upon my premises and take my dog than he has to take

my wheelbarrow or any other article of my property. Notwithstanding all this, the dog was carried away to the city pound, and I was compelled to pay there a fee of \$2 for its restoration. This action on the part of the dog-catcher is a deep imposition and an outrage, and I pray that action be taken by your honorable body to abate such insufferable imposition upon citizens and taxpayers.

"Furthermore, I pray that your honorable body, instead of passing a law to the effect that the dog-catcher may be compelled to pay a fine of \$2 for its restoration, will adjourn to the 3d and 4th of April, and then, if the dog-catcher is still an imposition and an outrage, and I pray that action be taken by your honorable body to abate such insufferable imposition upon citizens and taxpayers.

"Therefore, pray that your honorable body will take such vigorous action in this matter as will indelibly impress upon the mind of the dog-catcher that citizens have some rights which he would do well to respect.

"EUGENE BASSETTE,
"No. 1245 Figueroa street."

M. Bassette appeared before the commission and recited more in detail the action of the dog-catcher at his house. The members of the commission stated that if the official had been guilty of such conduct, he should be punished. The matter was referred to Chief Glass for investigation. He will report his findings at the next meeting of the commission.

MUST PAY THEIR DEBTS.

In connection with the application of S. H. Duncan for a transfer of the license of Rudolph Schulte to himself for the saloon at No. 600 South Broadway, Chief Glass made a report which caused the adoption of an order of importance to saloon men. The chief stated that Schulte had become indebted to a number of firms and said that his business was not paying the bills. He had sold his place to Mr. Duncan, representing to him that all the bills were paid. After the sale the purchaser had discovered a number of bills outstanding, and rather than have trouble he had paid most of them. The bill remained, however, and the payment of the debts will be made in a condition of transfers of license, that is to say, that where a saloon-keeper sells his place and leaves bills unpaid, that no transfer be granted by the commission until all claims have been settled. The suggestion was favorably received by the commissioners, who, in turn, decided to establish such a rule. Hereafter all transfers of saloon licenses will have attached to them slips, on which will be printed the warning to the purchaser of the saloon that unless all bills of the original holder of the license are paid, the transfer will be void. It is not the purpose of the commission to make it a quasi-collection agency, but the new rule is for the protection of merchants who might otherwise be defrauded out of what was due them, and left with no means of collecting their claims.

INVESTIGATION POSTPONED.

Rev. R. W. Smith, who a week ago prepared charges against Patrolman W. J. Field, for the alleged illegal collection of a fine of \$3 from his son Harold, whom the officer mistook for one S. H. Duncan, was called before the commission to prosecute the charges. The matter was not acted upon, however, as it was desired that the investigation be held before a full commission. It may, therefore, be a month or more before the charges are investigated, as Commissioner Preuss is away from the city on a three days' leave of absence. A decision on the merits of the Gillott charges against Special Officer Foster and some of the City Jail officers was also deferred until all the commissioners could be present.

Approved the Measure.

The ordinance proposed some time ago by Councilman Baker, making it unlawful for any person to promiscuously distribute patent medicines in the city, will be presented before the City Council on the second regular session of the corporation.

The trial of Edwin F. Hurlbut Admitted to Probate.

The will of Edwin F. Hurlbut, who died at his home in Pasadena on the 24th of last month, leaving a large estate, was admitted to probate yesterday by Judge Clark. The whole estate, consisting of property valued at \$270,000, is devised by the will to the widow, Malvina A. Hurlbut. The instrument was drawn in Chicago in 1878, and in case of the death of Mrs. Hurlbut before the death of her husband the property was to have gone to their daughter, Miss Jennie Hurlbut. The estate consists entirely of personal property, represented by stocks, bonds and securities, except real estate valued at \$58,000.

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DISTRICT ATTORNEY WILL ASK FOR ITS DISMISSAL.

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SALOON LICENSE TRANSFERS.

No meeting of the commission was held last week there was an accumulation of applications for transfers of saloon licenses. George Bernhard and William Schneider applied for a transfer from George and John Bernhard at No. 104 South Spring street, the Palace saloon. As the place has no entrance on Spring street, Commissioners McLain suggested that the application be returned for correction. This was done.

The following applications for transfers of saloon licenses were referred to the chief: From M. F. and John O'Connor to themselves of the Rogers & O'Connor House at No. 601 South Broadway; also from James Malkeil to himself of the George Beta license at No. 372 East First street; also from P. H. Stoll to himself of the Gillott license at No. 604 De Young avenue; also from J. L. Adams himself of the German license at No. 109 Commercial street.

A. Marks presented a proposition to prepare a history of the police department, agreeing to donate 25 per cent. of the net profits to the relief fund. No action was taken on the matter.

The application of P. Perpich for appointment as special policeman was denied, the chief having reported that he could not recommend the appointment of an individual of such a low character as a regular policeman were filed.

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PASADENA.

SPECIAL MEETING OF THE REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

FUNERAL SERVICES OF JASON EDWARDS HELD AT HIS LAST RESIDENCE—FIRE UNDERWRITERS TO MEET THIS EVENING—PELLOPE'S NOTICE ANNOUNCED BY WIRE.

PASADENA, April 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] There has been called a special meeting of the Republican Central Committee for tomorrow evening (Wednesday), when the change in the City Trustees will be discussed, and in all probability a recount of the votes cast at the election on April 11 will be voted. The returns made by the ballot clerks on the night of the election to the City Clerk showed T. Sumner Greene elected by three votes, but the official returns as canvassed by the Board of Trustees on Monday showed Thomas C. Hoag elected by one vote.

It is claimed that if such well-known business men as H. C. Hotaling, a former City Treasurer, and W. W. Slayden, the ballot clerk in Precinct Five, who signed the report to the City Clerk, could make a mistake it is more than likely other mistakes may have been made.

Both Mr. Hoag and Mr. Greene are representing and advocating their cause, and would not be in position unless they felt that he was unquestionably the choice of the voters of the city, and as but one vote out of a total of 333 cast shows one, it is known that many ballots were thrown out by the election officers on account of such irregularities as being marked with lead pencil instead of with the ruling stroke adopted, that is, a mark made by the members of the Republican and Nonpartisan parties alike, to have the matter thoroughly gone over again, and who by choice of the voters placed in the chair of Trustee.

FUNERAL OF JASON EVANS.

A large number of friends assembled to pay their last tribute of respect to Jason Evans, whose sad and sudden death at the Country Club last Saturday was such a sudden shock to the community.

The funeral services, which were held at his residence this afternoon, were very simple. Rev. William MacCormac of All Souls' Church read the Episcopal service. There was a large attendance.

The flowers offered were exceptionally numerous and handsome, and comprised several large wreaths of carnations, two or three sweet pea illus of the valley, roses, and a faint spray of pure-white flowers and maidenhair ferns.

The pallbearers were William R. Staats, J. S. Cravens, Nelson B. Bell, G. W. Armstrong, C. Orr, Edward Barrie and C. R. Holterhoff, the latter an old friend of the deceased.

The remains were placed in a vault to await the arrival of the parents of the deceased, who are expected the latter part of the week from New England. They will determine the final resting-place.

FIRE UNDERWRITERS MEET.

The insurance men are in a ferment over the dating of the new rate book which was received last Monday, and which, unless there is an error in the dating, will make a great deal of extra work for the agents. The book is dated April 1, and it is believed definitely an error, and in order that it may be fully explained there will be a special meeting of the Pasadena Board of Fire Underwriters this evening (Wednesday) at 8 o'clock, at the secretary's office at 10 o'clock, at the manager of district C of the Board of Fire Underwriters of the Pacific will be present.

THE PELLOPE IN PORT.

A telegram received in this city early this morning states that the steamer *Pellope* of San Francisco, at 6 o'clock this afternoon. That is all the dispatch stated, but it was sufficient to allay the alarm of those who were beginning to believe the steamer had gone down in one of the gales reported by mariners as occurring the past week.

SENTENCE FOR VAGRANCY.

George Smith, an Englishman, reported to the police about midnight last night that he had been held up by footpads on North Fair Oaks avenue, who, when they discovered he had no money, assaulted him with a pair of brass knuckles. He was badly bruised nose to prove his statement. However,

the police took his story and Smith left the Marshal's office. He was found later under a bridge in a vacant lot near the rear of the hospital and taken to the lockup charged with being a vagrant. Today he was sentenced to twenty days for vagrancy. He is a general laborer and citizens for money, and it is the opinion of the police that he asked someone for a loan while on his way from North Pasadena, and the party thinking he was being held up, landed on Smith's nose.

PASADENA BREVIETIES.

At the next meeting of the Twilight Club, Judge Enoch Knight of Los Angeles will read a paper upon "Cuba and Its Future." The date will follow the paper will be led by Prof. Edwars of Throop.

LONG BEACH.

The Penelope's Course to San Francisco a Long One.

LONG BEACH, April 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Some of the seafaring men about here think that under favorable circumstances the Penelope will be able to reach San Francisco because of the fact that the arrival of that vessel at San Francisco has not yet been reported. The Penelope sailed from San Pedro on the evening of April 6, so that she is now thirteen days out. At the time the vessel sailed, the wind was blowing from the westward. While the Penelope was lying at San Pedro, the captain was asked whether he intended to shape his course so as to start on the northward passage close to shore, or to stand out for long distances to the west and then take a northward tack, as the larger vessels do. The captain's reply indicated that he would take the latter course. In doing so, he would have been necessary to sail about 300 miles in a south-westerly direction before turning northward, thus delaying somewhat on the part of the vessel. She had been sailing to the west of the coast of California for some time, and it would be necessary to turn back to the northward, and when he did so, he would have to sail more than 300 miles to get back to the coast of California.

The Penelope has been making good progress, however, and it is thought that she will be able to reach San Francisco in about ten days.

The W.C.T.U. will meet this evening afternoons in the Methodist church, where reports of the county convention will be read.

The Woman's Relief Corps will hold a third annual social tomorrow afternoon at Grand Army Hall.

The rage is for "Maeve" buttons, and McGaugh has a lot of beauties, given with gum and cork.

Last—Dark-green laprobe. Please return to Times Office, Pasadena.

ORANGE COUNTY.

Sprinkler Restriction Removed, C. R. Curtis Arrested.

SANTA ANA, April 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] Since the adoption of pneumatic lift pumps at the water works, the flow of the artesian wells has been so greatly increased that fears are no longer entertained of a failure of the city water supply this season, and at the meeting of the City Trustees last night the water sprinkling hours were changed back to the old schedule, from 6 to 10 p.m.

This action also granted the petition of Miss Rose Wilson to place a reduced curb in front of petitioner's property on the corner of Sycamore and Church streets.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT.

C. R. Curtis of Los Alamitos was tried before Justice McElveen of Garden Grove yesterday on the charge of stealing hay near the Alameda sugar mill. He had been in prison almost daily from the time he was arrested and Constable Stephen Devee of Alameda township was hiding in a ditch watching for the justice to arrive. The law jumped up and placed him under arrest. The Justice sentenced Curtis to pay a fine of \$100 and serve 30 days in the County Jail. The prisoner could not raise the necessary amount and was brought over and placed in jail yesterday afternoon but friends came to his rescue and paid his fine.

ENLISTING BLUES AGAIN.

Enlisting blue and gray together on the same volunteer roll, for the protection of a common country and flag, is what is being done in Orange county during these days of threatened war with Spain. A call for "proxies" was made by representatives of the G.A.R. during the past two days has been liberally signed.

SUPERIOR COURT CASES.

In the Superior Court this morning Selsie

NEWS FROM SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA TOWNS.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

FORTY-ONE CITIZENS ENLIST TO ASSIST IN MINE LAYING.

Dist.-Atty. Sweet Appeals the Cases of Tom Nop and R. A. Jones to the Supreme Court—Ballast Point Notes—One Rifle Ready.

SAN DIEGO, April 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] At last night's meeting at the armory, of Co. B, Seventh Regiment, N.G.C., at which Lieut. Meyer, Corps of Engineers, U.S.A., addressed a party of young men to enlist in a citizens corps in assisting in laying mines in San Diego Harbor, forty-one men signed the enlistment rolls. There was great enthusiasm manifested, and more enlistments are ready whenever a meeting is called.

Lieut. Meyer, in telling the desires of the government, said the work was very far and intricate, and that men of quick nerve and especially those experienced were needed. Experience was not necessary as they would work under the direction of experienced engineers and electricians. But a careless or reckless man might do more damage than Spanish ships.

The work to be done in laying mines in San Diego Harbor, Capt. Rasmussen of the schooner Mary E. Russ reports having sighted a large number of our seafs in the channel between the islands and Catalina Island on his southward trip.

E. Burke, late of Co. F, Thirty-ninth New Jersey Volunteers, and later of the Thirty-second United States Infantry, U.S.A., was elected president of the board.

Capt. Rasmussen of the schooner Mary E. Russ reports having sighted a large number of our seafs in the channel between the islands and Catalina Island on his southward trip.

The schooner schooner Clementine has been laid up in the harbor.

The schooner Lucy, Capt. Peterson arrived Sunday from Umpqua, with 355,000 feet of lumber and a carload of potatoes.

GONZALEZ COUNTY BREVIETIES.

Machinery has arrived for a new creamery which will be erected and operated by Silas Wright at Newport, six miles south of Santa Ana.

A large quantity of loose alfalfa hay, this year's crop, has been sold in Santa Ana during the past week at \$12 per ton, delivered, and some as low as \$10 in the field.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

Good Scores Made at Naval Reserve Target Practice.

SANTA BARBARA, April 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The first naval target practice was not as successful as the second target practice of the Naval Reserve Sunday, which was held at the west end of the city near the Mesa. Strict discipline was preserved, and some very good scores were made. Will H. Maris scored the highest, 200 yards.

Twenty-five men signed the enlistment rolls. The work to be done in laying mines in San Diego Harbor, Capt. Rasmussen of the schooner Mary E. Russ reports having sighted a large number of our seafs in the channel between the islands and Catalina Island on his southward trip.

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The schooner Lucy, Capt. Peterson arrived Sunday from Umpqua, with 355,000 feet of lumber and a carload of potatoes.

SANTA BARBARA BREVIETIES.

A challenge to debate the question, "Will Prohibition Fail?" was issued by the Friends of the Temperance of this city for Saturday night on State street, by John Murray, Jr., of the Socialist Labor party of this town.

The steamer Santa Rosa arrived from the North yesterday. Fifteen passengers and thirty-five tons of freight for this port.

Capt. W. G. Waters of San Miguel Island reported enough there to carry his load safely through the summer until the fall rains.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

BIDS FOR A PUMPING PLANT OPENED BY THE SUPERVISORS.

Prof. Howard of the Department of Entomology Sent from Washington to Investigate the Insect Pests and Predatory Parasites of the State.

SAN BERNARDINO, April 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Supervisors held a second day's session today, but transacted little business of importance.

Bids for a pumping plant for the fifth road district were opened, as follows: Lutwiler & Co., Los Angeles, \$80,600 net; J. F. Dostal, Redlands, \$77,90; W. D. Anderson, \$892.

Supervisor Newbury was authorized to purchase a sprinkling wagon, to be paid for from the fourth district road fund.

THE LATEST FROM ALASKA.

Mrs. A. C. Miller has just received from her husband, Mr. Miller, a wiregram which says he is well and happy.

The steamer Santa Rosa arrived from the North yesterday. Fifteen passengers and thirty-five tons of freight for this port.

Capt. W. G. Waters of San Miguel Island reported enough there to carry his load safely through the summer until the fall rains.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

TRUSTEES CUTTING A WIDE SWATH IN SALARIES.

Orange Shipments for the Season to Date—Suit to Have the Perris Irrigation District Declared Invalid—City Sunday-school Union.

RIVERSIDE, April 19.—[Regular Correspondence.] The newly-elected City Board of Trustees met this afternoon in adjourned session and proceeded to cut a wide swath, particularly in the salaries list.

The salaries of present acting officers were discussed with as follows: Police Officer Stanley F. Burke, \$1,000; Street and Water, \$1,000.

Street and Water, \$1,000; Fire Department, \$1,000.

Police Officer Stanley F. Burke, \$1,000; Street and Water, \$1,000; Fire Department, \$1,000.

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City Briefs.

The remains of Mrs. W. H. Summers arrived from Dansville, N. Y., yesterday morning in charge of C. R. Lockwood of this city. Mrs. Summers being too ill to accompany her remains. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, No. 407 South Grand avenue, 2 p.m. Wednesday, 20th inst.

Attention! A grand ball will be given by the Catholic Order of Foresters tomorrow evening at St. Joseph's Hall, corner East Pico and Santeet streets. Don't fail to attend.

See also Mr. McNally's official map of Alaska, with rates at 25 cents at The Times counting room, or mailed to any address for the same price.

Important Universalist meetings, Friday Morning Club Hall, 330½ South Broadway, at 2 and 7:30 p.m. Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

C. D. Howry forwarded the remains of Miss Estella Bean to Stillwater, Minn., yesterday for interment.

The best refrigerators in the largest assortment, at Almon's, 222 S. Spring.

Dr. C. Edgar Smith, female, rectal diseases. Lankershim bldg. Green 496. Dr. Fish removed to 115 West First street. Tel. main 689.

The students of the City High School yesterday voted to have an assembly to aid the band which had been raised to build the battleship American Boy.

An alarm from box 84 at 2:55 last night was caused by a small blaze from escaping gas in a residence on Maple avenue, near Twenty-third street. No damage.

There are unbroken telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph Company's office for Ed Troyes; Charles A. Faulk; M. G. Cooper; Lorenzo Pittock and J. F. Beals.

The Los Angeles W.C.T.U. will hold a meeting today, at 2:30 p.m., at the First Congregational church, Sixth and Hill streets. Echoes of the county convention will be given by delegates.

KNOCK-OUT DROPS.

Administered to a Young Milkman in a Saloon.

Last yesterday afternoon a young man who gave his name as Steinberg was brought to the Central Station apparently drunk. It was not long before the officers at the jail discovered that Steinberg was suffering from the effects of something besides liquor. He was in a stupor and showed evidences of having been drugged. The boy was placed in the jail under a watch. His friends called for him about 8 o'clock. They proved to be the owners of the New England Dairy and stated that Steinberg was a sober man, saving his money as he earned it.

An attempt was made to rouse the prisoner, but without success, and the officers waited until he had slept for several hours. When Steinberg finally awoke the detectives took him in charge. He was a very sick man, but told his story clearly enough.

"I went to Mrs. and Merchant Bank this morning and deposited \$10 of my money. As I came out of the bank a man I have often seen while driving my milk wagon stopped up to me and asked me to go and have a glass of beer. I drink very little. I had \$5 of my own money and some change and \$1.50 of the company's now in my pocket. When I came home I took me to the saloon in the basement at Requena and Main streets, the old Vienna buffet, and we went into a room. The man treated me to beer, which was brought us by some waiter or bartender, and then I treated to beer. He wanted me to have another beer, but I refused, as I was getting queer. I was feeling so funny I was afraid, so I took a cigar the third round."

"Then I began to get sick and fought my way into the street. The man who was with me wanted me to sit down and keep still, but I was so sick I fainted. I was left on the street, and that is all I remember until I woke up in prison. I only had two glasses of beer all day."

The detectives have reason to believe that young Steinberg was given "knock-out" drops by his first glass of beer, and are looking for his friend who induced him to drink. The supposition that the man or men engaged in administering the "knock-out" drops imagined Steinberg had drawn money from the bank instead of depositing it. Steinberg was taken in charge by his employer and for a short time at midnight last night, a very sick boy. The police propose to find the "knock-out" drop saloons, even if necessary, to search every place in town. It is probable Chief Glass will issue an order in the near future clearing out the lounging places of the "hangars-on" about these places can give no good account of themselves, they will be persecuted as vagrants.

Licensed to Wed.

Edgar D. Norcross, 21 years of age, a native of Indiana and a resident of Needles, San Bernardino county, and a son of F. Suderman, 18 years of age, a native of Minnesota and a resident of Glendale.

Fred A. Cain, 27 years of age, a native of California and a resident of Susanville, Lassen county, and Maude E. Ewing, 23 years of age, also a native of California and a resident of Los Angeles.

Gustav Odemar, 25 years of age, a native of Germany, and Minnie Stoll, 22 years of age, a native of California, both are residents of Los Angeles.

John J. White, 33 years of age, a native of Ireland, and Octavia N. Faure, 26 years of age, a native of France, both are residents of Los Angeles.

William H. Wickersham, 25 years of age, a native of Pennsylvania, and Lizzie C. Nemey, 21 years of age, a native of Illinois, both are residents of Los Angeles.

DEATH RECORD.

PUGH—At No. 56 North Figueroa street, April 18, 1898. William T. Pugh, aged 82 years, a native of Ireland. Funeral from Epworth Methodist Episcopal Church, corner of Boylevely avenue and Centennial street, Thursday, April 21 at 2 p.m.

JACKSON—In this city, April 18, 1898. Stephen Jackson, 31 years of age, a native of England.

Pugh, son from First Presbyterian Church, Santa Monica, Thursday April 18, at 10 p.m. Friends and relatives are invited.

SUMMERS—At Jackson's Sanatorium, Dansville, N.Y., April 18, 1898. Emma L. Summers, wife of William H. Summers of this city.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 47 South Grand avenue, at 2 o'clock p.m. Wednesday, April 21, 1898.

RUTTAN—in this city, April 16, 1898. E. A. Ruttan, aged 28 years.

Pure leather desk of brass hardware, Broadway and Sixth street, at 10 o'clock this morning. Interment Rosedale. Friends invited.

MILLER—At No. 352 Merchant street, April 17, 1898. Mary J. Miller, a native of Kentucky, aged 25 years.

Funeral from parlor of Orr & Hines, No. 66, South Grand avenue, April 20, 1898, at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend. Interment Rosedale Cemetery.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The members of the Gauntlet Post, No. 122, K. of P., will meet at Castle Hall, 108 North Spring street, Thursday, at 10 a.m. to pay their respects to the funeral of our late brother, William T. Pugh, Interment at Evergreen Cemetery.

LAW AND COLLECTIONS.

Advice free, and no charge if we don't win your case. Legal matters attended to in any part of the country. Langworthy Co., No. 226 South Spring.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

ANNUAL ELECTION.

New Officers of the Stimson Industrial School.

The annual election of the Stimson-Lafayette Industrial Association took place yesterday morning at the school building on Lafayette street. Mrs. Augustus Hine was elected president.

Mrs. A. L. Danskin, first vice-president; Mrs. L. W. Blinn, second vice-president; Mrs. C. B. Jones, third vice-president; Miss Clark, recording secretary; Miss Ella E. Clark, financial secretary.

The students of the City High School yesterday voted to have an assembly to aid the band which had been raised to build the battleship American Boy.

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Whittier Graduate.

Mabel Wilson is a young lady with plucky morals who was found guilty yesterday of having committed perjury. She will be sentenced by Justice Morrison today. Her personality was not especially pleasing, and her offense was too common to be worthy of mention, but for the fact that the girl, whose true name is Mattie Lawson, was the first girl ever sent from this county to the Whittier reform school. Mattie is rapidly recognized.

The Whittier school will give its annual reception at the home of the new president, Mrs. Augustus Hine, No. 2300 Figueroa street, next Thursday afternoon from 2 until 5 o'clock.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

VAN NUYS—Charles F. Fuchs and Mrs. Pauline, Ed. Kaufman, Louis Dr. J. H. Little, Dr. Peter Gaumer, George E. Hill, Kansas City, Mo.; Ed. M. Latham, Port Mead; Thomas James, Kansas City, Mo.; C. Fisher, W. C. Mossbacher, W. P. Schatz, S. S. Goldstein, San Francisco; W. A. Otto, Chicago; Horace B. Kelly, Nova Scotia; Henry Polak, New York; George G. Hubbard, Boston; E. Grosvenor, London, Eng.; Mr. and Mrs. George Wilshaker, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; Charles R. Hayes, Brooklyn, Gaynor, W. D. Detroit; David W. Wrightson, San Diego; Fred Bruce, the Misses Bruce, New York; Mrs. and Mrs. Albert Stein, Chicago; Mrs. F. R. McCreary, a child; Poma; W. C. Clegg, Iowa; J. Michael and wife; San Francisco; James T. Merwin, Philadelphia; E. A. Tripp, Boston.

BROOKLYN—Mrs. Lancy, J. P. Norris and wife, Redlands; E. F. May and wife, St. Louis; W. Pinney and family, San Francisco; W. Cartdige, Mentone; P. Boyd and wife, Pasadena; A. M. Moore, Atlanta, Ga.; George G. Hubbard, Boston; E. Grosvenor, London, Eng.; Mr. and Mrs. George Wilshaker, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; Charles R. Hayes, Brooklyn, Gaynor, W. D. Detroit; David W. Wrightson, San Diego; Fred Bruce, the Misses Bruce, New York; Mrs. and Mrs. Albert Stein, Chicago; Mrs. F. R. McCreary, a child; Poma; W. C. Clegg, Iowa; J. Michael and wife; San Francisco; James T. Merwin, Philadelphia; E. A. Tripp, Boston.

BIRTH RECORD.

BOYNTON—March 26, 1898, to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Boynton of No. 133 Estrela avenue, a daughter. See also Birth Record, April 1, 1898, at 1898, at Patton, San Joaquin county, Cal., to the wife of Aylwin C. Clarke, a daughter.

LOST & FOUND.

LOST ANG. L. TRANSFER CO.—Will check baggage at your residence to any point. No. 218 W. First street. Tel. M. 248.

LOST BEAUTY.

Many women's chintz dresses are lost. We'll make a bid to beauty, and the safest, surest and most effective cure for an impoverished skin, racial blemishes and faded complexion.

LOLA MONTEZ CREME.

The secret to beauty lies in cleanliness, health and beauty. Used by thousands of beautiful women. It is the most popular cosmetic. 75c per jar lasts 3 months.

TRIAL POT FREE.

If you send 10 cents in stamp for postage.

MRS. NETTIE HARRISON, DERMATOLOGIST.

40-42 Geary St., San Francisco.

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A Stupendous TRIMMED HAT SALE

Great moving of high-class Millinery today. We never disappoint you in styles, varieties, qualities or prices. We can give you a TRIMMED HAT for

\$2.50

or as much more as you care to.

The Millinery World
125 SOUTH SPRING ST.

Buy Gloves of a Glove House.

Kid Gloves

\$1.00.

A specially good line of finely made two-clasp kid gloves. Made from selected skins in the very newest shades. One dollar a pair, and each pair fitted to the hand and kept in repair free of charge. This is a glove chance worthy of immediate attention, for there is but a limited number of pairs in the lot—something over a hundred.

The Unique
245 S. Broadway.

Two doors south of Boston Store.

Eating hot bread and biscuits has been considered unhealthy since the world's creation.

Allen's—Prosperity Furniture.

A Sale of Office Furniture

The trade kit of a business man is brains and a roll-top desk. Of the latter—

More than a carload on the floor for this offering—range in prices, qualities and styles, beyond comparison—from the simple oak affair to the most superb production.

Every one is of "built-up" stock that prevents warping, shrinking, cracking, hand-some finish, leather bottoms, friction drawers, hardwood sides and ends and furnished with the latest in electrical lighting fixture. There's no competition—work-made by skilled cabinet makers built for life service to last.

Prices are this wise and up: \$15, \$18.50 and \$20.

Other office helps—for you to see at once to fully appreciate the enormous showing and the advantages in prices.

Flat top desks, standing desks, typewriter desks, book cases, cabinets, revolving chairs.

K. S. Allen's
FURNITURE AND CARPET-HOUSE
332-334 52 SPRING ST.

Special Shoes.

Ladies' Bright Dongola Kid Button and Lace Shoes, pattern leather tops, flexible soles, new colors, sizes 11 to 12, our regular \$1.50 shoes; today only \$1.19.

Misses' Fine Dongola Kid Button and Lace Shoes, made of fine leather, new coin toes and solid